

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

VOLUME 14.

CHELSEA, MICH., THURSDAY, AUGUST 13, 1885.

NUMBER 49.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Space.	1 w	1 m	3 m	6 m	1 y
1 inch.....	\$ 30	\$1 00	\$2 00	\$3 00	\$5 00
1/2 Column.....	1 00	2 00	4 00	6 00	10 00
1/4 Column.....	2 50	5 00	10 00	15 00	25 00
1/8 Column.....	3 50	7 00	14 00	21 00	35 00
1/16 Column.....	4 50	9 00	18 00	26 00	45 00
1/32 Column.....	6 00	12 00	24 00	36 00	60 00

We solicit communications and news items from all the surrounding towns.

Every communication must contain the name and address of the writer, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

If you have any business at the probate office, make the request that the notice be published in the HERALD. Such a request will always be granted.

Our market report will invariably be found correct, as we give it our personal attention and take great pains to give correct quotations. The prices quoted are those paid by dealers.

We must not be held responsible for sentiments expressed by writers.

Address all communications to
THE HERALD.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

METHODIST.—Rev. J. A. McIlwain, Services at 10:30 A. M. and 7 P. M. Prayer meeting Tuesday and Thursday evenings at 7 o'clock. Sunday school immediately after morning services.

CONGREGATIONAL.—Rev. John A. Kaley, Services at 10:30 A. M. and 7 P. M. Young people's meeting, Sabbath evening, at 6 o'clock. Prayer meeting, Thursday evening, at 7 o'clock. Sunday School, immediately after morning services.

BAPTIST.—Rev. M. Gallup, Services at 10:30 A. M. and 7 P. M. Prayer meeting, Thursday evening, at 7 o'clock. Sunday school at 12 M.

LUTHERAN.—Rev. Gottlieb Robertus, Services, one Sabbath at 10:30 A. M., alternate Sabbath at 2 P. M. Sunday School at 9 A. M.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

CITY

BARBER SHOP

BOYD & SHAVER.

Two doors west of Woods & Knapp's hardware store. Work done quickly and in first-class style.

K. O. T. M.—Chelsea Tent No. 281, of the K. O. T. M., will meet at Odd Fellows' Hall the first and third Friday of each month.

WM. BACON, R. K.

F. H. STILES,

DENTIST.

Office with Dr. Palmer, over Glazier, DePay & Co's. Drug Store.

CHELSEA, MICH. v11-46.

GEO. E. DAVIS, Resi-

dent Auctioneer of 16 years experience, and second to none in the State. Will attend all farm sales and other auctions on short notice. Orders left at this office will receive prompt attention. Residence and P. O. address, Sylvan, Mich. V-13-5.

For Reliable Insurance Against

FIRE OR TORNADO,

CALL ON

GILBERT & CROWELL,

OR

GEO. W. TURNBULL.

We Represent—
Home, of New York, \$7,308,489.
Continental, of New York, 4,450,534.
Phoenix, of New York, 3,805,326.
Underwriters, of New York, 5,121,956.
Hartford, of Conn., 4,067,976.
Springfield, of Mass., 2,395,288.

Almost a runaway occurred on Middle-st. last Sunday, after morning service. A horse belonging to Arnold Prudden ran at a rapid rate up Middle-st., with one of Mr. Prudden's daughters and another young lady in the road cart. The horse was stopped on the corner of Main-st. by some gentlemen, who were standing there, and no damage was sustained except an unpleasant fright. The young ladies conducted themselves with unusual and commendable bravery.

Gen. Sheridan and Gen. Buckner shook hands at the funeral of Gen. Grant.

MAILS CLOSE.

GOING EAST.
9:35 A. M. 9:35 A. M.
5:15 P. M. 10:35 A. M.
8:15 P. M. 5:45 P. M.
8:15 P. M.

G. J. CROWELL, P. M.

Dog days.

Quite warm and sultry.

Look at new shoes on fourth page.

Dance at Town Hall Friday evening.

The boys had a game of ball last Saturday.

Strikers are rampant again in the Saginaw Valley.

Several of our young people are camping at Wolfe Lake.

Will Bacon is laying the foundation for a fine residence on Orchard Street.

Jolly times are reported at Cavanaugh Lake, but we have no particulars.

Ted Bacon has completed his new house on Union-st., and will move into it soon.

Read carefully Ed. Hoag's new advertisement. Hoag's Bazaar is a good place for bargains.

The wall under the sidewalk in front of L. D. Loomis's grocery caved in last Friday. It is being repaired.

John R. Clark is expected to deliver one of his popular lectures in Chelsea at an early date. Notice will be given.

B. Parker & Co. have a new advertisement this week. Do not fail to read it. Chelsea merchants are waking up. Next.

A temperance lecture will be delivered in the Town Hall, next Monday evening, 17th inst., by Rev. E. B. Sutton, of Adrian.

Have we a village ordinance respecting closing places of business on the Sabbath day? Will someone furnish us with a copy of it?

Wheat stacks in this vicinity were badly soaked with water by the fearful rains that fell last week. We have heard of some that were taken down to dry.

E. E. Shaver has had some new backgrounds painted in his gallery. They are nice, and by his help will set off your photo in fine style. Call and look at them.

How is it Abner? Did you actually take a party out on Cavanaugh Lake to look for eels, and then dump them into the lake? If you did, it was very naughty.

Stores and other places of business with a few exceptions were fully draped last Saturday. Thus Chelsea was not a whit behind her neighbors, in doing honor to our Nation's illustrious dead.

Mr. David Webb, of Dansville, Ingham county, formerly of Chelsea, made us an agreeable call last Monday. Mr. Webb reads THE HERALD, and renewed his subscription.

Reader, go thou and do likewise, if you have not already renewed.

Almost a serious accident occurred last Saturday to C. H. Kempf and John and Oren Cummings. The horse they were driving stopped very suddenly at a waterhole in the road, throwing them from their seats, then sprang forward with great force, jerking from under them the cart in which they were riding, and throwing them with great violence to the ground. No bones were broken, but all the parties suffered some severe contusions.

PERSONAL.

Clare Durand spent last Sabbath in Chelsea.

Mr. Hitchcock, of Ill., is visiting friends in this vicinity.

M. J. Noyes was absent last week buying stock for his farm.

Mrs. E. C. Letts, of Detroit, is visiting Mrs. J. V. Boyer, of Sylvan.

Miss Alice Seargent spent Sunday among her numerous Chelsea friends.

John N. Bailey, of the Argus was in town Saturday. He did not call on us.

Miss M. E. Wellman left last Monday for Copersville, to be gone a few weeks.

Hon. J. J. Robison, County Clerk, made us a very pleasant call last Thursday.

Miss Adeline Westfall left Wednesday morning to visit friends in the state of New York.

Calvin Kempf has recently had an abscess of long standing successfully removed from his throat.

Three young men by the name of Russell, from Albany, N. Y., are visiting with L. Tichenor at the lake.

Mrs. G. H. Kempf spent Sabbath in Chelsea, but returned to the care of her mother in Albion on Monday.

Miss Lennie Birchard returned to her home at Jackson last Friday evening. Miss May Sparks accompanied her.

Mrs. Lawrence, Mrs. Crowell, Mr. and Mrs. Codd, and Mrs. Watkins, of Detroit, made a visiting trip to Sharon last Thursday.

Mrs. Grace Norton, daughter of Dr. G. E. Wright, and husband, of Leon, spent a few days, including Sunday, with her father.

Samuel Hook returned to Detroit last Monday, but left his family to enjoy another week at Chelsea's delightful summer resort, Cavanaugh Lake.

Hon. S. G. Ives and wife, G. J. Crowell and wife, Mrs. B. Parker and Miss Josie Watson attended memorial services at Ann Arbor last Saturday.

Rev. A. M. Boolgoorjoo arrived Wednesday morning, and is the guest of C. H. Kempf. He will preach at the Congregational Church next Sabbath.

M. Lehman, Esq. left last Monday for East Saginaw to attend the annual review of the Great Camp of Maccabees. He will not be home until Thursday.

Mrs. Dudley, of Battle Creek, having spent three weeks with her brother-in-law, W. J. Knapp, left last Monday for Ypsilanti, to again visit her old home.

Last Saturday, Miss Hattie McCarter stepped upon a needle, and thrust it so deep into her foot that the surgeon's knife was called into requisition to extract it.

Charles A. Gilbert with wife and daughter arrived on Tuesday evening from Glenn's Falls, N. Y., and will spend a few days visiting his brothers in Chelsea and neighboring cities.

Maud E. Freer's 13th birthday was celebrated last Tuesday by a surprise party of about thirty of her companions, who left with her several beautiful and valuable presents. Thanks are tendered the young ladies who assisted in entertaining the company. Miss Maud will spend a few days visiting friends in Lima.

A meeting of the Southern Wash-tenaw Farmers' Club will be held at the residence of M. D. Blosser, Manchester, September 4th.

Sharon and Freedom Singing School Association will have a picnic to-morrow at Reno's Grove.

Miss Maggie Blosser, of Manchester will celebrate the tenth anniversary of her birth to-morrow. One hundred guests are invited.

Manchester farmers will hold their fourteenth, annual, harvest picnic at Rose's Grove, on the 30th instant. Address by Hon. E. P. Allen and others. The Grass Lake band and glee club will furnish music.

Mr. J. Roehm, of Dexter, who was injured by a fall, on the 30th of July, died Aug 6th, aged 51 years, 5 mos, 14 days. Rev. G. Robertus attended the funeral on Sunday last.

Geo. H. Foster keeps a peanut, ice-cream and candy stand at Cavanaugh Lake.

New Stocking Yarn as low as 65 cts per lb., all wool, at B. Parker & Co.

Chelsea friends advise P. W. Gilbert, of Glenn's Falls, N. Y., that when he goes fishing again he would better keep away from the water.

39 cts. buys a 50 ct. corset, white or colored, at B. Parker & Co.

Mr. S. A. Sumner, of Seneca Falls, N. Y., father of Mrs. Ben. Winans, of this place, recently celebrated his 80th birthday.

House and lot for sale, on South Main-st. Inquire of F. McNamara.

The tolling of our bells last Saturday was heard at Manchester through the telephone.

New cloths for suits, pants; etc. just received. Call and see them.
H. S. HOLMES & Co.

The Michigan State Agricultural Society will hold its Thirty-Seventh Annual Fair at Kalamazoo, on the 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th and 18th of September proximo.

We are going out of Crockery. 75 cents buys one dollars worth of anything in our Crockery department.
H. S. HOLMES & Co.

A off on Crockery to clear it up. We are closing it out. First come first served.
H. S. HOLMES & Co.

UNION PICNIC.

The Congregational, Methodist, Baptist, and Lutheran churches are making arrangements to have a picnic next Wednesday, at Cavanaugh Lake. We understand that Sunday Schools at Waterloo, Lima, Sylvan, North Waterloo, Francisco and North Lake are also invited. May they have a good time and no accidents.

House and lot for sale. A purchaser desired before the first of September. Also a few household articles for sale cheap. Inquire of
Mrs. M. E. BALDWIN.

CARD OF THANKS.

Mr. and Mrs. F. O. Cornwell desire to express their thanks to the kind friends and neighbors, who recently presented him with a suit of clothes, and have performed various other acts of kindness, during his protracted illness. Heaven never fails to reward such deeds.

We offer now the most complete line of Jerseys for ladies and misses ever shown in Chelsea. We have them in black cotton, at 25 cents, reduced from 75 cents; in black cotton, at 50 cents, reduced from \$1.00; black braided, scollop bottom, at \$1.50; black braided, coat black, \$1.95 to \$2.95. The best Jersey ever shown in Chelsea at \$3.00. Call and see.
H. S. HOLMES & Co.

Go to Glazier's Bank Drug Store for pure Paris Green.

Go to Glazier's Bank Drug Store for all kinds of machine oil.

Save money by buying gasoline at Glazier's Bank Drug Store.

Save money by buying machine oils a Glazier's Bank Drug Store.

Gasoline 11 cts. per gallon at Glazier's Bank Drug Store.

Save money by buying Paris Green at Glazier's Bank Drug Store.

Machine oils 15 cts. per gallon at Glazier's Bank Drug Store.

Save money by buying all groceries, drugs, medicines, etc., at Glazier's Bank Drug Store.

Interesting to Young Men.

The attention of our readers is called to the display of gents Furnishing Goods, shown by the Housekeepers' Bazaar; and our young men should appreciate the styles and prices at which everything in their line is marked. Frank tells us he has a good 4-ply linen Collar, in the newest shapes, in standing and turndowns, at 10 cts. each; and a nice line of satin lined string-puff and sailor-knot Neckties, at 29 cts. up, just about half the prices usually asked; real China Silk, colored border, hem-stitched Handkerchiefs, warranted to wash good, at 35 cts.; all linen Cuffs, at 25 cts. a pair; and a full line of Collar Buttons, Cuff Buttons, Scarf Pins, at about half the regular price. He also keeps the celebrated English leather Braces, something entirely new, and specially adapted for summer wear. The silk web Suspender, at 25 cts. a pair, is a bargain in that line, and has never before been equalled in Chelsea. The fancy half Hose, at 25 cts. are worth twice as much.

Of Interest to Ladies.

In a climate so changeable as ours, it is necessary to provide for the extremes of heat and cold; and perhaps the most important item in the list of clothing is to lay in a good supply of underclothing, in light and medium weight, for summer wear. Now is a good time to stock up on some very fine ganne Undervests, that the Housekeepers' Bazaar have just marked down from 50 cts. to 29 cts. each. They are positive bargains, as many ladies, who have already been in to see and purchase them, will testify. We advise our lady readers to call at once, before the assortment is broken up.

An Accident at the Lake.

Friday evening, the members of Camp Cavanaugh got up several boating parties; and, in company, had a delightful time on the lake. Under the soothing influence of the slowly sinking sun and refreshing evening breezes, the sounds of laughter and strains of song were wafted across the water, telling of the happy time the young people were having. Unfortunately, the crew of one of the larger boats was composed wholly of male members of the Camp; and they, of course, were rather unevenly balanced by having two or three wild spirits aboard, who thought it lots of fun to see how much tipping a well regulated boat could stand, without turning over. The natural consequence was that they found out. When about fifty feet from shore, over they went, and a ducking was the result. As none of them had provided themselves with a pair of those excellent duck or denim Overalls, that the Housekeepers' Bazaar are selling at about one-third the regular price, those who had no friends to provide them with lodging, had to drive home soaking wet, from the waist down.

We trust this will be a lesson for future visitors; and that they will provide themselves with a change, by buying a pair of those 45 ct. Overalls from the Housekeepers' Bazaar, before going on another tetering expedition.

TO CORRESPONDENTS

All communications for this newspaper should be accompanied by the name of the author, not necessarily for publication, but as an evidence of good faith on the part of the writer. Write only on one side of the paper. Be particularly careful about giving names and dates. Proper names are often difficult to decipher because of the careless manner in which they are written.

AROUND A GREAT STATE.

New Department at the Agricultural School.

The Legislature last winter made appropriations for the creation of a mechanical laboratory and work-shop for the newly established Department of Mechanic Arts in the State Agricultural College. The contract for the building was let in June and now the walls are well up, and it is expected the building will be completed and ready for use by November. There will be two shop-rooms, one for wood and the other for metal, a mechanical laboratory, a lecture room for classes in mechanics, about forty feet square, a room for drawing and draughting and two offices. The shops are to be thoroughly furnished with tools and machinery. Temporary shops are provided for the use of students until this building is completed and furnished for use. A course of study two years in extent, called the apprentice's course, has been provided for and will be offered to students at the opening of the next college year, September 2 prox.

It is intended to make this course especially strong in natural philosophy, draughting, geometry, book-keeping and business forms and law. There will be one term of elementary chemistry, and careful attention will be paid to English composition, while at least ten hours per week, for two years, will be devoted to a graded series of exercises in shop practice under the direction of skilled workmen.

Tuition is free. The necessary expenses of a student per year, exclusive of travel and clothing, will not exceed \$125 to \$150. Boys 16 years of age with a good common school education can enter. Those who have certificates from the public schools are received without examination. By addressing any of the officers or professors at the agricultural college all necessary information can be obtained.

Ground to Death.

Sydney C. Root, a freight conductor on the Michigan Central road, met his death near the Springwells station a few nights ago. He had just returned from Jackson, and left his train, settled his business at the office and jumped on a yard train destined for the ferry ship which leaves the junction and on which he intended to ride to Eighteenth street, Detroit, where he resided. He jumped on after the train had got under motion and was making his way to the rear in order to jump off when the train reached Eighteenth street. The train had gone but a short distance when Ed. Chapman, the rear brakeman, saw a lantern fall. As soon as possible he stopped the train and with others went back to investigate. First the lantern, then a hat, and a few feet further on a mangled body were found. Portions of the body were found strewn along the track for some distance. Coroner Keefe, a jury and Undertaker Geist were taken to the scene on a special car. The remains had been gathered up and taken into the station. They were found in a terribly mutilated condition. The head had been entirely severed from the body and ground to a pulp, both arms were torn out of the sockets and one was cut into three pieces. The right foot was cut off at the ankle. The chest was literally crushed and the lungs and bronchi were entirely drawn out of the body.

The unfortunate man was about 35 years of age. He was of large and powerful physique, weighed 230 pounds, had been in the employ of the company for several years and was a general favorite.

Hurrah for Michigan!

For the August crop report the secretary of state has received returns from 1,029 correspondents, representing 741 townships. The weather in harvest time was very favorable. At Lansing the total rainfall during July amounted to only two inches. The latter part of the month the drought began to be quite severe, but since August 1 rain has fallen copiously. Wheat and hay have been secured in good condition and are of superior quality. Estimates of wheat made August 1, after threshing had commenced in many parts of the state, show an average per acre in the southern four tiers of counties of 18½ bushels, which is nearly a bushel above the July estimate. The August estimate for the northern counties is one-quarter of a bushel below the July estimate. These figures indicate a total yield in the southern counties of 22,125,114 bushels, and in the state of 26,407,000 bushels. This exceeds the July estimate by 1,033,318 bushels. The amount of wheat in farmers' hands was reduced about 2 percent in July.

Corn promises in the southern four tiers of counties 88 per cent, and in counties north of the southern four tiers, 92 per cent, the comparison being with the vitality and growth of average years.

Oats are estimated to yield about 31 bushels, and barley 25 bushels per acre. The yield of hay per acre was perhaps a trifle less in quantity than in 1884.

Clover sown this year is badly injured by the drought.

Potatoes promise about nine-tenths of an average crop on an acreage not quite equal to the average.

Apples promise about one-half an average crop.

Agricultural College.

The following program will be observed during the week of the annual commencement exercises of the Michigan agricultural college at Lansing.

Sunday, Aug. 16—Baccalaureate sermon, 3 p. m.

Monday, Aug. 17—Society banquet, 8 p. m.

Tuesday, Aug. 18—M. I. t. m. exercises, 6 p. m.; class day exercises, 8 p. m.

Wednesday, Aug. 19—Commencement exercises, 10 a. m.; President Willis' inaugural address, 3 p. m.; president's reception, 5 to 10 p. m.

Thursday, Aug. 20—Alumni day—Literary exercises, 10:30 a. m.; business meeting, 3 p. m.; banquet, 8 p. m.

Somewhat Salty.

The salt inspection in the state during the month of July was as follows:

	Barrels.
Saginaw County.....	114,313
Bay County.....	73,783
Huron County.....	43,916
Iosco County.....	33,864
Midland County.....	5,719
Manistee County.....	4,435
St. Clair County.....	10,210
Total.....	325,317

The total inspection for the year up to date is 1,282,233 barrels; for the corresponding period of 1884, 1,130,015 barrels.

A Health Report.

During the week ending Aug. 1, diphtheria was reported at Detroit, Flint, Ithaca, Jackson, Kalamazoo, Macomb, Muskegon, North Star township, Mt. Clemens, Morley, Oxford, Robinson township, Rose Lake township, East Tawas and Hart; scarlet fever at Charlevoix, Dundee, Detroit, Ithaca, Monroe, New Baltimore, Sherwood township, Owosso, Richmond, South Haven, Bay City and Romeo; measles at Houghton and Kalamazoo; and typhoid fever at Humboldt, Houghton township, Jackson, L'Anse township, Monroe, Reading, Hart and Ionia.

Suspects Arrested.

Marsh Barker and wife, suspected of the

murder of Harvey Keith of Bloomington, Van Buren county, have been arrested. Great excitement exists in Bloomington and vicinity.

MINOR STATE HAPPENINGS.

The Detroit annual conference meets in Pontiac, Sept. 10-17.

Michigan dairy men will meet in convention in Kalamazoo early in December.

Burglars relieved Robt. King of Kalamazoo of \$300 worth of jewelry a few nights ago.

A state band tournament will be held at Flint commencing September 8 and continuing two days.

The D. F. Comstock lumber company has been organized in Big Rapids with a capital stock of \$700,000.

Fayette Johnson has been appointed postmaster at Ludington, Mich., vice H. F. Alexander, not commissioned.

Chester McDonald, who is charged with passing a forged order for \$20 at Shelbyville has been captured and jailed at Allegan.

Mrs. Fannie Jennings sues the city of Kalamazoo for \$20,000 damages sustained by falling on one of the city's defective sidewalks.

A conflict between strikers and policemen occurred in East Saginaw on the 6th inst., in which a number of the former were seriously injured.

Hon. Henry G. Reynolds of Old Mission, Traverse county, has been chosen secretary of the state board of agriculture, vice A. G. Beard deceased.

The annual encampment of soldiers and sailors of Central Michigan was held at Greenville on the 6th and 7th inst. The next encampment will be held in Owosso.

For ten years past Allegan's death rate has been five and one-half to seven per 1,000 inhabitants, as certified to by Drs. F. M. Calkins, W. H. Billis, E. Amsden and H. F. Thoms.

The reunion of the agricultural college alumni occurs Thursday, August 20. A large number are expected to be present. Reduced rates may be obtained through the alumni secretary.

While W. P. Hess of Springport, was unloading hay an accident to the harness caused the whiffletree to fly back suddenly, striking him on the abdomen. He died from the effects of the blow.

Thomas Kennedy's 15-year-old deaf mute daughter, at Mt. Morris, was walking on the railroad track when a special train, approaching from the north run her down, killing her instantly.

Isaac Boies, a Frenchtown, Monroe county, farmer, was standing in front of his house during a heavy storm when he was struck by lightning and instantly killed. Mr. Boies leaves a large family.

The coroner's jury in the case of Ida Kennedy, the deaf mute, killed at Mt. Morris has rendered a verdict of accidental death, exonerating the F. & P. M. railroad company from all blame.

The committee in charge has decided to abandon the state encampment of knights templar at Grand Rapids this year, the sentiment of knights throughout the state being against the encampment.

The Ionia county court house is nearly completed and is one of the handsomest in the state. The building is of Ionia sandstone and the work has been done in a thoroughly substantial manner. The court house cost \$50,000.

The case of Mrs. Esther Anderson of Gladwin, charged with the murder of her infant, has been postponed until Aug. 17. Mrs. Anderson's physical condition being such as to prevent her attendance at the preliminary examination.

The soldiers' home site committee met in Gov. Alger's office in Detroit, Aug. 5, at which Col. Ostorn was present for the first time. It was decided that he go over the ground visited by the committee and be ready to consider the sites with them at the next meeting, August 17 at 9 a. m. in Detroit.

The second annual reunion of Michigan Battalion Regiment, Merritt's Horse, will be held at Battle Creek, Sept. 1 and 2. Measures have been taken to secure the attendance of Col. Lewis Merritt and to obtain the old regimental colors. J. C. Lewis, secretary, West Leroy, Mich., will furnish information.

J. B. Russell, a young man 24 years old, was seriously injured in Towle's Mill, one mile north of Sheridan, by a piece of board flying back over the equalizers, connected with the lathe mill. The board struck him on the left side below the stomach, tearing a hole six inches long in his side, and when he was picked up and taken to the house his intestines were protruding and found to be torn and mangled in such a manner that the physicians have doubts of his recovery.

DETROIT MARKETS.

Wheat—No. 1 white.....	94 1/2 @ 94 3/4
Wheat—No. 2 red.....	91 @ 91 1/2
Flour, roller process.....	5 00 @ 5 25
Flour, stone process.....	4 75 @ 5 00
Corn.....	47 @ 48
Oats.....	33 @ 31
Barley.....	1 35 @ 1 50
Rye per 100.....	4 00 @ 4 25
Brain.....	12 75 @ 13 00
Clover Seed 1/2 bu.....	5 00 @ 5 25
Timothy Seed.....	1 75 @ 1 80
Apples per bbl.....	2 20 @ 3 00
Butter 1/2 lb.....	11 @ 12
Cheese.....	7 @ 8
Eggs.....	10 @ 11
Chickens.....	10 @ 11
Turkeys.....	18 @ 12
Potatoes, new, per bbl.....	90 @ 1 10
Turnips.....	30 @ 35
Onions 1/2 bu.....	91 @ 1 00
Honey.....	9 @ 10
Beans, picked.....	1 25 @ 1 30
Beans, unpicked.....	75 @ 1 00
Hay.....	15 00 @ 17 00
Straw.....	6 00 @ 7 00
Pork, dressed 1/2 100.....	5 50 @ 6 00
Pork, mess new.....	11 00 @ 11 25
Pork, family.....	11 75 @ 12 00
Hams.....	10 @ 10 1/2
Shoulders.....	8 @ 7
Lard.....	7 @ 7 1/2
Dried Beef.....	12 @ 13
Tallow.....	30 @ 35
Beeswax.....	10 25 @ 10 50
Beef extracts.....	5 75 @ 6 00
Wood, Birch and Maple.....	6 25 @ 6 50
Wood Hickory.....	6 75 @ 7 00

LIVE STOCK.

CATTLE—Market slow and barely steady; shipping steers, \$4 00@5 90; stockers and feeders \$3 40@4 20; cows, but is and mixed, \$1 75 @4 25; through Texas cattle slow, shade lower at \$2 75@4 21.

HOGS—Market weak and 10@20¢ lower; rough and mixed, \$4 15@4 30; packing and shipping, \$4 10@4 75; light weights, \$4 60@5 35; skips, \$3 40@4 20.

SHEEP—Market slow; natives, \$2 40@2 50; Eastern 75¢@75¢; lambs, per head, \$1 63 @50.

WOOL.

Eastern advices say: Wool firm with a good demand; Ohio and Pennsylvania fleeces, 30¢@32¢ for X and XX, 33¢@35¢ for XX and above; Michigan X fleeces, 28¢@30¢; fine Ohio delaine and No 1 combing, 33¢@35¢; Michigan delaine, 30¢@31¢; pulled wools, 25¢@30¢ for good to choice super.

Chili gives a bounty of \$5 a head for condors.

Beer is becoming the fashionable drink in Paris.

Cornell university owns 240 acres of ground.

They build temples of human skulls in Dahomey.

There only about 7,000 colored people in California.

DUST TO DUST.

The Last Sad Honors Paid to Our Heroic Dead.

THE FUNERAL PAGEANT UNPRECEDENTED.

Detailed Account of the Ceremonies.

Since that memorable day in July when the spirit of the brave old warrior took its flight to "the land that lieth beyond," until the hour when the remains were committed to mother earth, the whole nation has shown its reverence for the memory of the heroic dead, and testified to the sorrow which welled up in every heart. From the shores of old Atlantic to the Golden Gate, from the north to the south, the "habitués of woe" have told all too plainly of the anguish that was rending the great heart of the nation.

From the time that the remains of him we loved so well were borne from the mountain cottage until the coffin lid was closed forever upon the face of one whom the world loved and honored in life, and since his death have apotheosized, sixty millions of people have been engaged in one grand harmonious eulogy of the fallen chieftain. Useless to repeat these eulogies now. All that could be said has been said by millions of those who will never cease to honor the "good man gone." All that could be done to show to the world how sincerely we mourn the loss of our illustrious dead, has been done.

Not in a spirit of sorrow do we look up this event. We have given to history a demi-god, and our hearts are full of a holy pride that such a son was born to the nation, and a thankfulness that having fulfilled his day he has gone to receive the reward of him who said "Well done thou good and faithful servant, enter thou into the joy of thy Lord."

The remains lay in state in New York from the time of their arrival from Albany on Thursday the 6th inst., until 1:30 o'clock on the morning of the 10th inst., and the count of the morning shows that 237,000 people viewed the face while the body lay in state in the city hall in New York. At 9:47 a. m. the remains of Gen. Grant were taken from the vestibule of the city hall and placed on the funeral car which immediately took its place in the funeral cortege.

The temporary tomb at Riverside park was completed the night before, and the steel casket placed in position within it to receive the coffin. The park, which was rough and unsightly a week before, has undergone a great change. Hills have been leveled, roads perfected and unfruitful soil neatly sodded. The place is now one that befits the purpose to which it is to be applied.

The closing day of the funeral services dawned with a clear sky, a bright sun and a cooling breeze. A more beautiful day for the solemn services which was soon to mark the commitment to the tomb of all that is mortal of him whom the nation mourns could not be wished for. From the firing of the sunrise gun, the boom of the minute gun fired at stated intervals by both the military and naval detail selected to pay tribute to the nation's dead, was heard proclaiming to the people that the last sad rites were under way. The church bells began tolling, ringing in mournful cadence, and their pealing added to the general feeling of sorrow and gloom everywhere displayed.

Not in the history of the metropolis or of the nation has there been such universal mourning as on this occasion, nor has there been exhibited such widespread sympathy for the family of which the nation's hero was the late head.

Immediately after the close of the gates leading to the vestibule of the city hall, the plaza was cleared, and in a few minutes the police were in full possession, guarding every approach and allowing no one but the privileged to come within a stone's throw of the building in which the nation's dead lay.

The undertaker at once took charge, and after the police, guards and reporters had taken a last look, the face of the dead was closed from view unless there shall in the future come a request to remove the lid, and the dead was left in care of the guards until the dawn of the last day for the dead upon earth before the tomb should be opened to shelter him.

At six o'clock the different commanderies and orders began to arrive. Muffled drums and dirgeful trumpets told of their arrival. At last came the original guard of honor that was on duty at Mt. McGregor, and which alone were to lift the remains. Filing into the corridors of the city hall, these took their places beside the remains and rested there, under command of John H. Johnson, senior vice commander of Grant post, Brooklyn.

At 9:50 the imposing funeral car, drawn by 24 jet black horses in black trappings, halted on the plaza directly in front of the city hall steps. Inside the corridor Commander Johnson was waiting. "Columns in position, right and left," was his command. The veteran guard of honor was erect.

"Lift the remains," was the next command, in clear but low tones. The 12 men stooped to the silver rails with gloved hands. "March," was the word. The body moved. Out upon the portico were borne the remains. Commander Johnson immediately at the head. Down the steps with measured tread, across the open space to the steps of the black and waiting funeral car. The steps were drawn away from the funeral car. Commander Johnson took his place in the center and immediately behind the funeral car. At his left and right on either rear corner of the car were comrades Downing and Ormslie of Wheeler post, Saratoga. Next and directly behind these were representatives of the loyal legion, as follows: Gen. J. J. Milhan, G. G. Clayton, Paymaster G. D. Barton, Lieut. Col. Floyd Clarkson, Lieut. Col. A. M. Clark and Capt. E. Blunt. The clergy and physicians had paid respect to the remains by alighting from their carriages and accompanying them from the steps to the hearse. They then entered carriages on either side of the plaza near Broadway, as follows: Rev. Dr. Newman, Bishop Harris, Bishop Potter, Rev. Dr. Chambers, Rev. Dr. Feld, Rev. Dr. Bridge, Rev. Dr. West, Rev. Father Deshon, Robt. Collier, Rabbi Brown and Drs. Douglas, Shady and Sands.

Col. Beck, in command of the regulars, commanded his companies to take positions, Co. A on the right and Co. E on the left of the hearse.

Colored men were at the bridges of the 24 black horses. Sixteen men of Meade post, Philadelphia, of which Gen. Grant was a member, were abreast immediately in front of the team of black leaders, and the David's Island band preceded them. A signal was given and the line of coaches with clergy moved off the plaza onto Broadway. The band stood waiting at the head of the funeral cortege. Col. Beck advanced to the head of the line of black horses before the coach.

"Move on" were his words of command with uplifted sword. The leaders stepped forward led by the colored men and in an instant the black line of horses had straightened their traces and the wheels beneath the remains were moving. The hour was 9:47. The band played a dirge, and Gen. Grant's last journey was begun.

The members of the Grant family, with the exception of Mrs. Grant, decided to await the arrival of the funeral procession at the Fifth Avenue hotel, where they were staying. At precisely 10 o'clock carriages drove up to the entrance and the members of the family took seats in them as follows: Col. Grant, accompanied by Mrs. Sartoris and Mrs. Fred. Grant, took seats in the first carriage; the second carriage was occupied by Mr. and Mrs. U. S. Grant and Senor Romero; Jesse Grant and wife entered the third; in the fourth were Mr. and Mrs. Cramer. The next carriage carried Gen. Cresswell and wife, and was followed by Potter Palmer and Mr. Honore. In another and last

carriage were Mrs. Morton and Mr. Drexel. At 10:30 a. m. President Cleveland appeared at the entrance of the hotel and immediately entered his carriage. He was accompanied by Secretary Bayard. Following the carriage of President Cleveland and those of the Grant family were carriages containing Vice-President Hendricks and the delegation of the United States senate and house of representatives. The carriages formed in Twenty-third street abreast, on a line extending toward Sixth avenue, awaiting the arrival of the catafalque.

At precisely 11:05 Gen. Hancock reached the head of the column, which was then at 23rd street and Broadway. On arriving at the head of the column the general issued the order to march, and the mournful cortege began to move, wending its way slowly up Broadway to the solemn music of the bands, en route to Riverside park. Following was:

THE ORDER OF THE PROCESSION.

First Division.

Major General Winfield Scott Hancock, staff and a des.

Light battery F. 11th United States artillery, Capt. Wallace F. Randall.

Battalion of engineers and land, Lieut. Col. H. L. Abbott, U. S. engineers, commanding.

A battalion of four batteries of the 8th U. S. artillery, under command of Maj. A. C. Wildrick, viz: Battery L, 5th U. S. artillery; battery M, 5th U. S. artillery; battery N, 5th U. S. artillery; battery O, 5th U. S. artillery.

Band of the 5th U. S. artillery, from Ft. Hamilton.

Battalion, forming guard of honor, under command of Capt. Wm. A. Beck.

Co. E, 12th U. S. Infantry, Capt. Brown.

David's Island band.

Naval brigade.

First division N. G. S. N. Y., Maj. Gen. Shaler commanding.

Old Guard, of New York city, Maj. Geo. W. McLean.

Governor's foot guards, of Hartford, Conn., Maj. J. C. Kinney.

Veteran association, 165th N. Y. volunteers, Col. H. D. Hall.

Veteran Zouave association, Capt. I. F. Sheehan.

Thirteenth regiment N. Y. volunteer veterans, Capt. Chamberlain.

Fifth regiment New York volunteer zouaves, Capt. Finley.

Second company Washington Centennial guard, Capt. Norman.

Columbo guards, Capt. Cavanaugh.

Italian rifle guard, Capt. Sobnabello.

Gaiibaldi legion, Capt. Spazary.

Colombian guards, Capt. Kelly.

Veteran Guards (colored) three companies, Capt. H. B. Williams.

Second Division.

N. G. S. New York, Maj. Gen. E. L. Mellin.

First regiment National Guard of Pennsylvania, Col. Wildersheim.

Gray Invinibles, Capt. Kennard.

Gate City Guard of Atlanta, Ga., Lieut. Camp.

Second regiment Connecticut National Guard, Col. Leavenworth.

First regiment Massachusetts volunteer militia, Col. Wellington.

Four companies Virginia state troops, Lieut. Col. Spottwood.

First Co. Union veteran corps District of Columbia, Capt. Ureli.

Union veteran corps, District of Columbia, Capt. Thomson.

Capitol City Guards, Washington, D. C., Capt. Kelly.

Co. D, First Minnesota guard, Capt. Bean.

First Division New Jersey National guard, Maj. Gen. W. Plume and staff.

The catafalque.

Guard of honor from U. S. Grant and Wheeler posts.

Family and relatives of Gen. Grant.

Clergy.

Physicians.

Ex-cabinet officers.

Gen. Grant's old staff.

Messrs. A. J. and G. W. Drexel.

The president of the United States.

The vice president.

Members of the cabinet.

Members of the supreme court.

United States Senate.

Senators and members of the House of Representatives.

The governor of New York and staff.

Ex-presidents.

Foreign ministers.

Diplomatic and consular officers under Gen. Grant.

Governors of states according to date of ratification of the constitution on and date of entry into the Union.

Heads of bureaus of the war department.

Gen. Sheridan's staff.

Gen. Schofield and staff.

Admiral Jonett, U. S. navy.

Commander Chandler.

President of the soldiers' home.

U. S. district attorney and collector.

Naval officer, Assistant Treasurer, Board of Indian Commissioners.

Mayors of cities according to population, with committees of common councils of New York, Brooklyn, Boston, St. Louis, Jersey City, New Haven, Hartford, Elizabeth, Hudson, Hoboken, etc.

The committee of One Hundred.

Second division of veteran organizations, Gen. Daniel E. Sickles, commander.

Aids—Maj. Gen. Daniel Butterfield, chief of staff, and senior aide-de-camp; Brig. Gen. H. E. Treiman, Brig. Gen. O'Brien, Brig. Gen. J. S. Frager, Brig. Gen. S. R. Schwenk, U. S. Army.

Brig. Gen. Frank Spinoia, Col. Thos. Rafferty, Col. Joel Wilson, Col. H. L. Potter, Lieut. Col. A. D'Orville, Lieut. Col. H. C. Perley, Maj. J. J. Comstock, Brevet Capt. E. Browne, Capt. M. Stewart, Capt. J. M. Conier, Lieut. J. A. H. Nickels, U. S. Navy.

Private John Treaskis; escort detailed from the Third army corps veterans.

Maj. Gen. J. C. Robinson, U. S. army, and the retired officers of the U. S. army, navy and marine corps.

Military order of the loyal legion of the United States.

Society of the army of the Potomac.

Society of the army of the Tennessee.

Society of the army of the Cumberland.

Grand army of the Republic, Comrade S. S. Burdett, commander in chief.

Escort staff—Seldon Connor, of Maine, senior vice commander; Roth Stewart of Ohio, chaplain; John Cameron of Washington, adjutant general; John Taylor of Pennsylvania, quartermaster general; Fred Brackett of Washington, assistant adjutant general.

Pennsylvania—Geo. G. Meade post No. 1; delegates from Ford post No. 335, and William Downing post No. 438.

New York city posts in four large divisions, New York state posts, outside of New York city, as follows:

C. W. Cowlen, commanding nine Brooklyn posts.

O'Rourke post No. 1, Rochester.

E. G. Morris post No. 121, Albany.

Lawrence post 373, Port Chester.

Richmond post 534, Mariner's harbor.

Hamilton post 20, Poughkeepsie.

Howland post 43, Fishkill.

Ringold post 233, Long Island.

Huntman post 50, Flushing.

Wirth post 451, College Point.

D. B. Mott post 527, Freeport.

R. J. Gleck's post 161, Newton.

Baldwin post 554, Hempstead.

Marcell post 144, Ring King.

Burnett post 493, Tarrytown.

Connecticut posts, Massachusetts posts, New Jersey posts.

Department of the Potomac.

Delegates and representatives from Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, Kansas, Ohio, Maine, New Hampshire, Indiana, Vermont, California, Colorado, Delaware, Missouri and Texas.

LADIES OF LIMA.

The Bewitching Manta Makes the Plain-
est of Ladies Dazzling Beauties.

Empty Heads and Winning Ways--
In the Drawing-room and in
the Streets.

MUMMIES' EYEBALLS.

The ladies of Lima are all eyes. They have the reputation of being as a class the most beautiful in the world, and, meeting them on the way to mass in the morning, or shopping later in the day, one can easily see how they obtain it; but knowing them in their homes, the opinion changes, and you conclude, after calm reflection, that they are not so pretty as the women of New York. It is the manta, which they wear in such a coquettish way, that gives them their reputation for it conceals every feature except their bewitching eyes and lovely olive complexion. No matter how ugly her mouth or her nose is; no matter how high her cheek bones or large her ears; no matter whether she is as scrawny as a scarecrow or as bald as a bat, a "manta" will make any woman with pretty eyes look handsome, and, like charity, it covers a multitude of sins.

This garment, which is peculiar to Peru, and is worn by ladies of all ages, and social positions, from the President's wife to the laundress who comes after your linen, is a sort of foster-sister to the mantilla of Spain. It is usually of crepe, from China, and costs



A "MANTA" WILL MAKE ANY WOMAN
WITH PRETTY EYES LOOK HAND-
SOME.

anywhere from \$10 to \$500, according to the quality and the amount of embroidery it bears. The manta is always black, and is not square like the ordinary shawl, but rectangular. Wealthy people wear them with a deep silk fringe, or an edge of rare point lace, while the poorer classes are satisfied with a little strip of lace, however cheap, stitched on to one edge of it, so as to fall over the forehead when it is worn. When the garment is put on, this lace is adjusted nicely so that it will just reach the eyelashes, and then the long end of the manta is thrown over the left shoulder, and fastened by a pin at the small of the back. Thus it does for bonnet, wrap and dress all in one, and it makes very little difference what she has under it for in a manta the homeliest woman looks well. All she needs in addition is a black skirt, which is seen from the knees to the hem.

On the street the women look like a procession of nuns, but in their homes, when they are dressed, like the Queen of Sheba. In olden times, when the galleons used to come to Callao "from far Cathay," bringing silks and satins and jewels in exchange for the silver of Cerro de Pasco and Potosi, the fashion of wearing fine clothes was set, and the people have never abandoned it. There is a legend that one of the Viceroy's rode from the palace to the cathedral and back again, a distance of about two blocks, on a horse, every hair of whose mane and tail was strung with pearls, whose hoofs were shod with shoes of solid gold, and whose saddle and bridle were worth a king's ransom. The road was paved with ingots of silver, so that from the door of the palace to the cathedral steps the ground was not to be seen.

One can believe this sort of thing by looking into the pawnshops of to-day, where people impoverished by the war have taken their plate and jewels to raise money to buy meat and bread. Here are toilet sets of solid silver, beautifully chased, including the meager vessels of the bedroom, which betoken the luxury and extravagance of an age when the mines of the Andes were pouring out silver and the guano



MILK IS PEDDLED ABOUT BY WOMEN.

beds of the sea were being turned into gold. Similar reminiscences of ancient glory can be seen to-day in the toilets of the ladies, in the bedchambers which they wear on their wrists, on their breasts, and in their ears, as well as the rich, old-fashioned fabrics which the grandmothers wore before them, made in the days when when people did not intend things to wear out.

In the drawing-room the Lima lady is not so beautiful as in the street, where the manta conceals all imperfections, but she is attractive still,

bright, vivacious and winning. With more passion than intellect, with very little knowledge of the world outside of her own orbit, she never reads a newspaper and never looks at a book, plays the piano brilliantly and with exquisite taste, and talks like a conversational blizzard. She is affectionate, impetuous and strong-willed; gushes over what she likes and shudders at what does not please her. Impulsive, frank and generous, she is easily betrayed, and the principal object in life of her mamma is to watch her like a hawk. At twenty-five she is the mother of three or four children, shrunken and wan, or else inordinately fat. One does not see any handsome old ladies in Spanish America; their



THEY MAKE THE FINEST OF LACE, EMBROIDERED TOWELS, &c.

good looks seem to go with youth, and old maids are unknown. If a girl cannot get the man she wants she will take up with what she can get. To die unmarried is worse than any matrimonial misery.

The air and light of Lima are very favorable for photography, and the city has galleries as fine as any in New York. The reception rooms, corridors, show windows, and even the ceilings are lined with portraits of the belles of the town, which are on sale not only here, but at the news stands and print shops. In Havana and Venezuela to have the photograph of a young lady is equivalent to the announcement of an engagement, but in Peru it signifies nothing. You can buy the portrait of your neighbor's daughter anywhere in town, and their popularity is estimated by the number sold. They make fine subjects for a photographer, these Lima girls with their great black eyes and shapely figures, and strangers usually take home collections of the pictures of beauties. The photograph dealers have their portraits put up in covers ready for the market, like views of Niagara Falls or Coney Island.

Not long ago there was a row kicked up by a Lima girl's father because a local photographer had not included her portrait in a collection of belles which he had made for display at an exposition. The old gentleman considered his daughter as good-looking as any of them, and all her relatives took it as an insult that her face was omitted from the group.



THEY FOLLOW THEIR HUSBANDS WITH BABIES SLUNG OVER THEIR SHOULDERS.

The only disagreeable thing about a Lima girl is her voice. The tropics never did produce a sweet sonnet, it is said, and the tones of the women are no more musical than those of the birds. Their voices are loud, shrill and metallic; painfully distinct, and often piercing, even in ordinary conversation; but they can "speak softly and whisper low" if they like, and when they do it is charming to hear them. At concerts and operas I notice people always applaud the very loud and high notes, and pass over the sweet soft tones without comment.

A half-dozen Spanish-American women in familiar conversation can make more noise than a threshing machine. If sewing societies were the fashion here the towns would seem like bedlams.

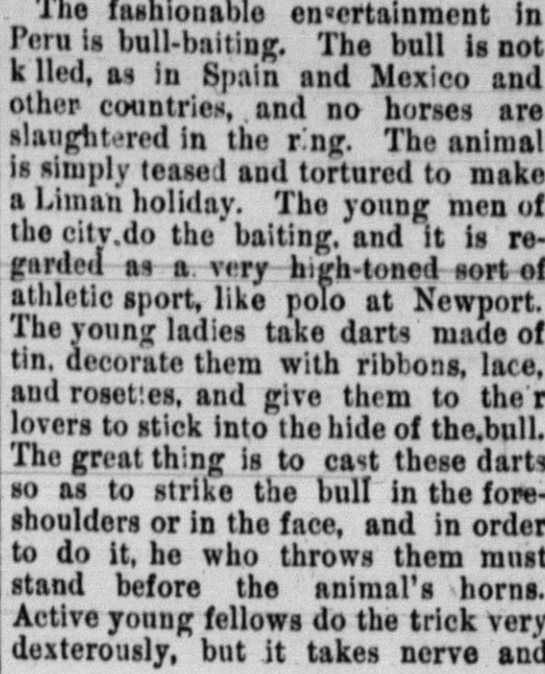
The wife of the President of Peru is called La Presidenta. She is a lady of great refinement and good education, having come from Cajamarca, in the northern part of Peru, the place where Pizarro strangled Atahualpa, the last of the Incas. Her husband, Gen. Miguel Iglesias, is a wealthy hacendado, or planter, and is universally regarded as a man of strict probity and honor—a rare reputation in Spanish America. He was formerly Secretary of war, and commanded a division in the army in the defense of Lima against the Chilians.

A Peruvian soldier is usually accompanied by a woman called a *rabona*, who sometimes is his wife. They receive rations like the soldiers, but no pay. They are faithful and enduring, but degraded creatures, who follow the army in its long, weary marches, assisting their husbands by carrying part of their load, and about one-half of them have babies slung over their shoulders in blankets. When camp is reached they do the cooking; in battle they nurse the wounded and rob the dead. Water is very scarce along the coast of Peru, where most of the

French scientist in Lima, has a collection of Inca relics for which he was offered \$200,000 gold by the London Museum. He is writing a voluminous work on the antiquities of Peru, under the patronage of the Government, three volumes of which have been published, and five more are yet to come. But any one can dig up all the relics he wants by hiring a couple of men and going out into the ruins which cover the whole country along the coast. There are millions of graves yet untouched.

The most curious things are mummies' eyes—petrified eyeballs—which are usually to be found in the graves if one is careful in digging. The Incas had a way of preserving the eyes of the dead from decay—some process which modern science cannot comprehend; and the eyeballs make very pretty settings for pins. They are yellow, and hold light like an opal.

The First American Aeronaut. Popular Science Monthly for July. The news of Montgolfier's experiment on the 5th of June reached Philadelphia about the last of November, and the local newspapers of December 24th contained the accounts just received in regard to Charles' experiment of the 24th of August. David Rittenhouse, the friend of Franklin, and the most distinguished American astronomer of his time, was practicing his profession as a maker of philosophical instruments, and especially of clocks. One of his most intimate associates was Francis Hopkinson, an eminent jurist, whose interest in science was almost as great as in law. Both of these men were members of the American Philosophical Society which had been organized by Franklin. No sooner was the news from France received, than they began to test the use of hydrogen for balloons. On the 24th of December an ascent was made by the first American aeronaut, the account of which is perhaps best given in the language of an eyewitness, Francois Simonin, whose letter to the "Journal de Paris" was published May 13, 1784. In the "Gentleman's Magazine" of the following month a translation of it appeared, from which the following is an extract: "Messieurs Rittenhouse (Rittenhouse) and Opuisque (Hopkinson) began their experiments with bladders, and then with larger machines; they joined several together and fastened them round a cage, into which they put animals. The whole ascended, and was drawn down again by a rope. The next day, which was yesterday, a man offered to get into the cage, provided the rope was not let go. He rose about fifteen feet, and would not suffer them to let him go higher. James Wilcox, a carpenter, engaged to go in it for a little money. He rose twenty feet or upward before he made a signal to be drawn down. He then took instructions from Messieurs Rittenhouse and Opuisque, and after several repetitions on the ground consented to have the rope cut for fifty dollars. Dr. Jaume (Jones), the principal medical person in the city, attended in case of accident. The crowd was incredible, who shouted after the English fashion when they saw Wilcox rise crowded in the cage, surrounded by forty-seven balloons fastened to it, with astonishing coolness, nodding his head to express his satisfaction and composure. After all, he could not rise above ninety-seven feet, according to the measures taken by two other gentlemen of the Philosophical Academy. He was at least five minutes in the air, but, perceiving the wind to blow from the east and drive him toward the Schuylkill (Schuylkill), he was frightened, and, agreeably to his instructions, made several incisions with a knife in three of the balloons. This was not sufficient, though we saw him descend a little. He pierced three more, and, seeing the machine did not come, his fear increased. He cut five more in the greatest haste, and, unfortunately, all on the same side. He was then seen to tack about (chavirer), and, as if he had slid down (coule bas), he fell on the edge of a ditch and a fine [fence], as they call the inclosures. Dr. Jaume ran up; the poor man had sprained his wrist, but received no other accident."



THE FASHIONABLE ENTERTAINMENT IS BULL-BAITING.

agility, and at times fair senoritas have seen their lovers ripped open. Another form of entertainment is what is called "Buena Noche," or "good night." Then the band plays in the principal plaza, fireworks are exploded at the expense of the shopkeepers and saloon men, whose profits are increased; hucksters surround the place with tables, selling cakes, candies, ice-cream, and peanuts, and all the populace, with their sisters and cousins and aunts, come out to gossip and flirt. These festivals furnish about the only opportunity for Vilkins to get a word alone with his Dinah, for social laws do not permit him to see her except in the presence of her mother or some duenna until after marriage. On "Buena Noche" he can offer his arm and promenade up and down the plaza, murmuring soft nothings in her ear, as long as she will hear them, or until the great bell of San Pedro strikes midnight, when there is a hustle and a bustle, and everybody goes home.

Lots of money might be made by enterprising Yankees who would come down here and buy up old paintings and antique silver plate, of which the pawnshops are full. The aristocracy are compelled to have bread, even if they go without meat or butter, and as their incomes have been cut off by the war and the revolution that has been going on since, they trade on small margins with Mr. Isaacs and Mr. Jacobs, who do not seem to have felt the financial distress. The rarest sort of old plate can be had for its weight in silver coin, and genuine old paintings are as plenty as peas. Relics of the Incas are also cheap, as collectors have to sell them to live.

It is still fashionable to go on resurrection expeditions to dig in the Inca burying grounds for mummies and things that were placed in their graves. The Incas had the same mode of preserving the dead as the ancient Egyptians, and in each grave were placed articles of decoration as well as utensils required by the spirits to set up housekeeping in the happy land. Rings and other ornaments of gold and



GRAVE DIGGING FOR PETRIFIED EYEBALLS.

silver, cups and platters of both metals made in quaint designs, copper articles, strings of beads, weaving and cooking apparatus, water jugs, pots and jars, and all sorts of things were always placed in the graves, as well as weapons of war and other curiosities that interest antiquarians nowadays. Prof. Romandi, a distinguished

French scientist in Lima, has a collection of Inca relics for which he was offered \$200,000 gold by the London Museum. He is writing a voluminous work on the antiquities of Peru, under the patronage of the Government, three volumes of which have been published, and five more are yet to come. But any one can dig up all the relics he wants by hiring a couple of men and going out into the ruins which cover the whole country along the coast. There are millions of graves yet untouched.

The most curious things are mummies' eyes—petrified eyeballs—which are usually to be found in the graves if one is careful in digging. The Incas had a way of preserving the eyes of the dead from decay—some process which modern science cannot comprehend; and the eyeballs make very pretty settings for pins. They are yellow, and hold light like an opal.

The First American Aeronaut.

Popular Science Monthly for July. The news of Montgolfier's experiment on the 5th of June reached Philadelphia about the last of November, and the local newspapers of December 24th contained the accounts just received in regard to Charles' experiment of the 24th of August. David Rittenhouse, the friend of Franklin, and the most distinguished American astronomer of his time, was practicing his profession as a maker of philosophical instruments, and especially of clocks. One of his most intimate associates was Francis Hopkinson, an eminent jurist, whose interest in science was almost as great as in law. Both of these men were members of the American Philosophical Society which had been organized by Franklin. No sooner was the news from France received, than they began to test the use of hydrogen for balloons. On the 24th of December an ascent was made by the first American aeronaut, the account of which is perhaps best given in the language of an eyewitness, Francois Simonin, whose letter to the "Journal de Paris" was published May 13, 1784. In the "Gentleman's Magazine" of the following month a translation of it appeared, from which the following is an extract: "Messieurs Rittenhouse (Rittenhouse) and Opuisque (Hopkinson) began their experiments with bladders, and then with larger machines; they joined several together and fastened them round a cage, into which they put animals. The whole ascended, and was drawn down again by a rope. The next day, which was yesterday, a man offered to get into the cage, provided the rope was not let go. He rose about fifteen feet, and would not suffer them to let him go higher. James Wilcox, a carpenter, engaged to go in it for a little money. He rose twenty feet or upward before he made a signal to be drawn down. He then took instructions from Messieurs Rittenhouse and Opuisque, and after several repetitions on the ground consented to have the rope cut for fifty dollars. Dr. Jaume (Jones), the principal medical person in the city, attended in case of accident. The crowd was incredible, who shouted after the English fashion when they saw Wilcox rise crowded in the cage, surrounded by forty-seven balloons fastened to it, with astonishing coolness, nodding his head to express his satisfaction and composure. After all, he could not rise above ninety-seven feet, according to the measures taken by two other gentlemen of the Philosophical Academy. He was at least five minutes in the air, but, perceiving the wind to blow from the east and drive him toward the Schuylkill (Schuylkill), he was frightened, and, agreeably to his instructions, made several incisions with a knife in three of the balloons. This was not sufficient, though we saw him descend a little. He pierced three more, and, seeing the machine did not come, his fear increased. He cut five more in the greatest haste, and, unfortunately, all on the same side. He was then seen to tack about (chavirer), and, as if he had slid down (coule bas), he fell on the edge of a ditch and a fine [fence], as they call the inclosures. Dr. Jaume ran up; the poor man had sprained his wrist, but received no other accident."

Orange Culture in Florida. Rural Carolinian. Trees can be had at some wild groves for the getting. At others, ten to twenty-five cents each is the price. An ordinary sail-boat will carry thirty to seventy-five trees, averaging two inches in diameter, and a round trip of twenty to forty miles can be made with a load in three or four days. If judiciously taken up carefully handled, and properly planted, from January until March, and the sweet bud put in in May or June, they will grow three or four feet the same year, and sometimes will bear the next. Nearly all will bear the third year, with proper attention, and the fifth will reimburse all expenses. From the present standpoint, looking through the experience of others, and taking success as my guide, and error as a warning, a straighter and shorter path, (fast becoming a plain, well-beaten highway,) can be taken to success. Sweet seedlings from three to five years old, cost twenty-five cents to one dollar each, according to age and size. They are hardy, rapid growers, and usually bear the seventh year. The effects of budding or grafting is the same on them as the sour tree. Field crops are usually made three or four years, widening each year the space between the rows and trees. The past has presented no difficulty in the way of orange culture, which energy and good judgment will not overcome.

Orange Culture in Florida.

Rural Carolinian. Trees can be had at some wild groves for the getting. At others, ten to twenty-five cents each is the price. An ordinary sail-boat will carry thirty to seventy-five trees, averaging two inches in diameter, and a round trip of twenty to forty miles can be made with a load in three or four days. If judiciously taken up carefully handled, and properly planted, from January until March, and the sweet bud put in in May or June, they will grow three or four feet the same year, and sometimes will bear the next. Nearly all will bear the third year, with proper attention, and the fifth will reimburse all expenses. From the present standpoint, looking through the experience of others, and taking success as my guide, and error as a warning, a straighter and shorter path, (fast becoming a plain, well-beaten highway,) can be taken to success. Sweet seedlings from three to five years old, cost twenty-five cents to one dollar each, according to age and size. They are hardy, rapid growers, and usually bear the seventh year. The effects of budding or grafting is the same on them as the sour tree. Field crops are usually made three or four years, widening each year the space between the rows and trees. The past has presented no difficulty in the way of orange culture, which energy and good judgment will not overcome.

The past has presented no difficulty in the way of orange culture, which energy and good judgment will not overcome.



JACOBS OIL
THE GREAT
GERMAN REMEDY
FOR PAIN.

Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Headache, Toothache, Sore Throat, Swellings, Sprains, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, AND ALL OTHER BOILING PAINS AND ACHES. Sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere. Fifty Cents a Bottle. Directions in 11 Languages.

THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO.
Manufacturers of A. VOGELER & CO., Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

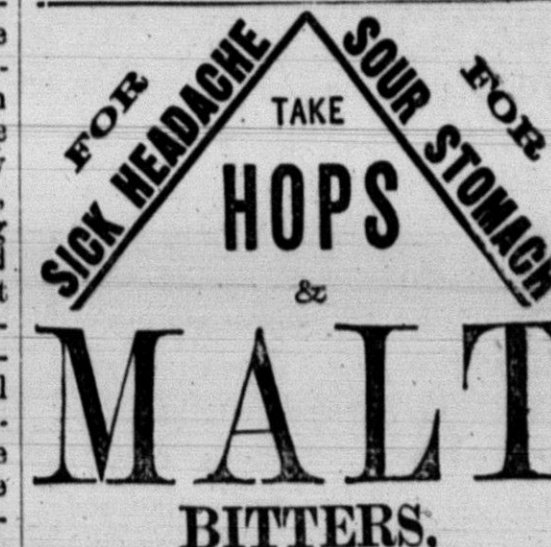


BROWN'S IRON BITTERS
This medicine, combining Iron with pure vegetable tonics, quickly and completely cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weakness, Impure Blood, Malaria, Chills and Fever, and Neuralgia. It is an unfailing remedy for Diseases of the Kidneys and Liver. It is invaluable for Diseases peculiar to Women, and all who lead sedentary lives. It does not injure the teeth, cause headache, or produce constipation—other iron medicines do. It enriches and purifies the blood, stimulates the appetite, aids the assimilation of food, relieves heartburn and belching, and strengthens the muscles and nerves. For Intermittent Fevers, Lassitude, Lack of Energy, &c., it has no equal. The genuine has above trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other. Made only by BROWN'S CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

CHENEY'S Stomach & Liver REGULATOR

CURES CONSTIPATION.
Torpid Liver, Indigestion, Heartburn, Malaria, Rheumatism, Palpitation of the Heart when arising from indigestion or deranged condition of the stomach, Sick Headache or Migraine, Piles and Female complaints. The only medicine in the world that! Positively Cures Constipation. Price, \$1.00 per bottle; 6 bottles, \$5.00. SEND FOR CIRCULARS, FREE.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Prop'rs, Manufacturing Chemists, TOLEDO, O.



If you wish to be relieved of those terrible Sick Headaches and that miserable Sour Stomach. It will, when taken according to directions, cure any case of Sick Headache or Sour Stomach. It cleans the lining of stomach and bowels, promotes healthy action and sweet secretions. It makes pure blood and gives it free flow, thus sending nutriment to every part. It is the safest, speediest and surest Vegetable Remedy ever invented for all diseases of the stomach and liver.

J. M. Moore, of Farmington, Mich., says: My suffering from Sick Headache and Sour Stomach was terrible. One bottle of Hops and Malt Bitters cured me.

Do not get Hops and Malt Bitters compounded with inferior preparations of similar name. For sale by all druggists.

HOPS & MALT BITTERS CO., DETROIT, MICH. T. H. HINCHMAN & SONS, Detroit, Mich., Wholesale Agents. JAMES E. DAVIS & CO., Detroit, Mich., Retail Agents.



UNCLAIMED MONEY AND ESTATES.
Next of Kin and Heirs wanted, who have been advertised for in all parts of U. S. and Foreign countries for the past 100 years, to claim large sums of money and estates. Our Record contains 27,000 names. Your family names may be among them. Send for Book of Names by mail with 10 cts. W. C. McCORD & CO., Des Moines, Iowa.

Men Think

they know all about Mustang Liniment. Few do. Not to know is not to have.

THE HERALD.

PUBLISHED BY
THOMAS HOLMES,
CHelsea, Mich.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE, \$1.40 PER YEAR

This is the Editor's parlor. In this column, we propose to have a short, personal interview, each week, with our patrons, and with others who may be so fortunate as to get the reading of THE HERALD. The topics of the communications will usually be such as pertain to the welfare of Chelsea, with such reference to other matters as may prompt us to the expression of our opinions concerning them.

Having set forth, in our last two issues, the point of view from which we look out upon the work we have undertaken, we want to say, to-day, that we are surprised to find that the names of so many of Chelsea's substantial citizens and business men are not found on our subscription list. We sadly fear such persons are standing in their own light. They certainly have not considered what THE HERALD has done, in the past, and what, if well sustained, it is capable of doing, to promote the happiness, thrift and prosperity of our lively business town. Are they satisfied to enjoy and profit by enterprise and business activity, for which they are indebted to the larger, more comprehensive views of their farther seeing neighbors? Such men are found in some places, but we dislike exceedingly to believe Chelsea harbors any of them. Selfishness is damaging to the entire community, but is ruinous to its victim. Come, gentlemen, not for our sake but for your own, subscribe for THE HERALD.

The great drama, the great tragedy is ended! For several months, notwithstanding the political agitations across the Atlantic and across the Pacific, the changes that have taken place in the political situation at home, and the disturbance in Central America, the most prominent figure before the American vision has been the suffering hero of a hundred battles, the approaching end of the most honored (counting honors by public manifestations) of men.

The whole history of Gen. Grant has been extraordinary; his early history for its unpromising aspects, his later history for its triumphs and success. Like many another distinguished character, he was created for a single work; he came upon the stage at the auspicious moment; he brought masterly skill to the business in hand; and he won, yes wrung from unfavorable and reluctant surroundings pronounced, substantial and enduring successes. The inspiration, that, in olden times, said of Cyrus, "He is my shepherd, and shall perform all my pleasure," has declared to the people of this day, and especially of this Nation, respecting Gen. Grant, He is my servant, raised up for the occasion, to perform all my pleasure, in the deliverance of my most favored Nation from their great, crying, heaven-daring iniquity. True, he was not alone. Others participated in the great work, and share in the glory; but no one will deny the conspicuousness of his part, both of the labor and of the glory.

If Gen. Grant was remarkable for his success in conquering the great rebellion—the greatest history records, he was no less remarkable for his treatment of his brave and valiant foes, in the hour of their humiliation. Great minds are blessed with a wider comprehension, and are capable of a grander magnanimity than narrow minded persons, who indulge in and are influenced by retaliatory malice and revenge, can appreciate or understand. Many blamed him for this characteristic, and called it a weakness. It was, however, the greatest of his virtues. It fitted him for the work of reconciliation, when the

victory of the sword was won, a work requiring far more delicacy of manipulation than artillery, cavalry or infantry practice.

The best comment upon this crowning virtue of the great man is found in the details of his funeral, when confederate and Union soldiers marched side by side in the great cortege, confederate and Union generals exchanged cordial greetings, confederate and Union hands bore his remains to their final resting place, and North and South and East and West united in doing honor to the memory of the illustrious chieftain.

The great drama is ended! The great conqueror of men has himself surrendered to the greater conqueror of all men. *Requiescat in pace.*—Let him rest in peace.

Christians often ask "What is the harm in doing this or that?" When they get the right spirit, they inquire "What is the use?"—*Moody.*

Many boys who are examined for apprentices in the navy are rejected as liable to heart disease which, the medical men say, is due to the smoking of cigarettes.—*Christian Union.*

There is little room to doubt the judgement of Gen. Grant's physicians that the proximate cause of the cancer was excessive smoking. A costly sacrifice was this to tobacco, but will there be one smoker less, or one less cigar smoked? Habit outweighs reason, and outweighs life.—*Christian Union.*

LIMA ITEMS.

Mrs. Winters, of Detroit, is visiting Rev. Mr. Hazzard and wife.

Miss Ida Green, of Stockbridge, is spending a few days with Lizzie Dancer.

Joseph Kellogg and Mrs. G. Kellogg, of Williamston, spent part of last week here.

Two of Mr. Coy's wheat stacks were struck by lightning, Sunday and burnt up.

The Lima Band will play at the Town Hall Saturday night.

Peter Murray received a dispatch Monday, stating that one of his sisters was dead.

Orrin Eaton and wife are visiting at John Wheelock's.

We would advise a certain young man to go home earlier next Sunday night, or, at least, keep his eyes open until he does get there.

It's a nice L[ar]ge that carries his umbrella on Sunday afternoon.

SHARON.

Threshers have commenced in earnest, and they report a good quality of wheat. The wheat is better than the price.

The Ohio hedges look fine since the rain.

Bohemian oats will yield a large crop in this section of the county.

Quite an expensive blast for Wm. Rowe, when he blasted a stump and a portion of it came down through the roof of his new house.

Unknown dogs have made raids on several flocks of sheep in this vicinity. If the farmers will keep good watch, the dogs will soon be known.

Chas. Kendall, the mammoth land owner of Sharon, who moved on a large farm in Ingham county, has been here harvesting his wheat. He says his crops are fine in Ingham. Good for him.

There have been several runaways within the past few weeks. Fortunately no bones have been broken but a number of machines, wagons and buggies have been demolished.

Merchants should remember that the HERALD is the Best Advertising medium in this Section. A bonafide circulation

Crockery and Glassware.

Careful housekeepers will study their best interests by comparing prices and looking over the handsome and new designs in this line now being shown by the Housekeepers' Bazaar, before purchasing elsewhere.

Pure Candy.

Don't forget that the Housekeepers' Bazaar sells none but strictly pure unadulterated Candy. Their mixture at 10 cts. per lb. cannot be beat.

Hosiery and Handkerchiefs.

Have you seen the display of Misses fancy Hosiery in the window of the Housekeepers' Bazaar, at 15 cts. a pair. They are reduced from 25 cts. and 50 cts. a pair.

The Jersey Waist.

Nothing adds to the finish of a ladies toilet as much as a well fitting Jersey; and, like every other article of ladies' wearing apparel, the Jersey can now be had in a large variety of styles. Nowhere in town can you find so great an assortment of perfect fitting Jersey Waists as at the Housekeepers' Bazaar. They have a very fine quality of worsted finish with turnover cuffs, warranted to retain its color, for one dollar. The same quality is sold in Ann Arbor and Jackson at \$1.25. The Housekeepers' Bazaar, for \$1.50, will fit you with a handsome Braided Jersey, plain skirt; or an elaborately braided back and front with scalloped bottom and turnover cuff, that they have just reduced from \$1.95; or a perfectly plain front and full plaited back with turnover cuffs, at \$1.95. They have extra quality Cloth in several styles that are positive bargains. Our line of Jerseys are selected from the choicest and newest styles from the immense stock carried by Newcomb, Rudicott & Co., of Detroit; and are offered to the Ladies of Chelsea at Detroit prices.

ITALIAN SERVANTS.

Some of Their Peculiar Characteristics—Their Tendency to Make Excuses.

The wickedest part of an Italian character is his love of making excuses. Lies are, I fear, cosmopolite, but for the immediate faculty of dressing up a falsehood with all kinds of imaginary circumstances, I think the Italians are supreme. It is often as much for the sake of pleasing as for the sake of deceiving. I must explain, however, that they jump to conclusions with a rapidity and an unreasonableness which often bears the appearance of willful falsehood when it is not really so. Their mobile natures and vivid imaginations are to blame for this. Then their preceptions are so quick that a look or a gesture betrays to them in what direction your inclination tends when you ask them a question, and their wonderful easiness and pliancy of temper enables them to adapt themselves to their answers to it. There is little or no flunkeyism in Italian servants. They do not like to wear a livery. With them servitude forfeits no rights, but bestows a claim. They are grateful for acts of courtesy and for trifling donations, which their brothers in America would often scorn and forget. But their resentment is as easily excited as their love, and often sponges out the previous good will. Your man servant becomes just as confidential and communicative, after he has been some time in your service, as your maid. Kindness to children is a remarkable trait in Italian men servants. The patience with which they will try to please them and wait on them is wonderful. The understanding, too, between the old child and the younger one is very striking. These men have a susceptibility to impressions and an elasticity of temperament which is most childlike and appreciated by children. I knew no prettier sight, when I was visiting a family in Florence, than to see the tall, stout Ferdinand, with his mustache and black eyes and military air (he served in '48), sitting the whole evening with that golden-haired little boy of his master on his knee, making him laugh with stories of his own childhood.—*Cor. Brooklyn Eagle.*

Baldheaded men have the heaviest beards as a rule.

The two new craters in Mt. Vesuvius, from which lava has issued abundantly, were opened on the southern side at a height of about two hundred meters above the upper station of the funicular railway. The lava flowed in the direction of Pompeii and Torre del Greco. The stream descends in a straight line for about half a kilometer, and then, turning sideways, is directed toward the crater of 1872. The new craters present the appearance of a great cleft. The lava has not spread beyond the side of the mountain.

NEW SHOES

For ladies', misses and children. We have received our NEW SHOES for fall trade.

Why can we give you a better shoe for

The same money than our competitors?

Because we select our goods from the best manufacturers in the market, and we are willing to sell our shoes with a small profit.

We can give you a curso kid shoe for ladies' wear at \$2.00. A better one at \$2.50 to \$2.75.

A NO. 1 QUALITY curso kid, with French kid fly, and flexible sole, at \$3.50 and \$4.00.

We have a line of hand turned shoes which give comfort and ease to the smallest and largest foot.

Our misses and children's department is complete. We can give you some low prices on kid and goat shoes for the little folks.

Please give us another call, before purchasing, and see our new styles and prices.

Respectfully,

B. PARKER & CO.

HOAG'S BAZAAR.

Our line of 10 ct. hose, worth 15 is very large. We sell you at 10 cts. a line of buttons, you will pay 25 cts. for elsewhere,

Just received, some new very attractive things in Handkerchiefs. Look at our five centers.

In towels we have a line at 10, 12 1-2, 15, 20 and 25 cts. that surpass anything of the kind ever seen in this market. Our line of Chenilles, Silks, Arasenes, Ornaments, Bangles, Rods, Chains, Tinsel, Bradine, etc. etc. is by far the most complete and attractive ever shown in Chelsea. We offer some bargains in Albums, Frames, Mirrors, Scrap Albums, Perfumes, Jewelry, Box Paper, etc.

To those that have not seen our immense stock of Crockery and Glassware. We invite you to come in and look it over. To those who want Crockery, We are sure to please you with goods and prices. Our stock is all new and of good quality.

Respectfully,

E. G. Hoag.

Striped Awning.

A Walking Skeleton.

Mr. E. Springer, of Mechanicsburg, Pa., writes: "I was afflicted with lung fever and abscess on the lungs, and reduced to a walking skeleton. Got a free trial bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, which did me so much good that I bought a dollar bottle. After using three bottles, found myself once more a man, completely restored to health, with a healthy appetite, and a gain in flesh of 48 lbs."

Call at R. S. Armstrong's Drug Store and get a free trial bottle of this certain cure for all Lung Diseases. Large bottles \$1.00.

Subscribe for THE HERALD.

A Lady's Evidence.

Mrs. Pearce was completely cured of Kidney complaint by the use of Dr. Kennedy's Favorite remedy. This medicine proves a real blessing to women who suffer from any of the ill-specular to the sex.

"A life on the ocean wave and a home on the rolling deep," is all very well to sing about in poetic verse, but the poor sailors are subject to discomforts that we landmen know nothing of, Jacob Palmer, mate on the U. S. S. Portland, writes that he never stars on a cruise without laying in a supply of Milder's Herb Bitters. It is invaluable for diarrhoea, dysentery, colic, cramp, and all similar diseases.

How They Are Tortured and Robbed—

are still supposed to be nineteen
and Jews in Persia. There is a
na-bashi, or priest, to each large
ministry. Assa rule, this man alone,
the Jews, is not persecuted by
Persians, though he is subject to ill-
treatment in the bazaars. Education is
entirely denied to the Jews. Of-
ten, from their religion, the numer-
ous colleges of Persia are closed to
them, as are the ordinary schools.
The school of the Church Mission
Society in Julfa is to them unavail-
ing, for they would not dare to send
their children there any more than
the Mohammedans. Converts to
Mohammedanism from the Persian
are very few. Generally they are
men or girls who have been decoyed
to their homes or married to Mussul-
mans under threats of violence. Such
persons are of little worth, but the
fear of death would, even after it, pre-
vent a relapse. The children of these
slaves are termed Jeddeds. They
are looked down on by the Per-
sians, but rather favored than other-

may be asked why do not the Jews
this veritable house of bondage?

SOUTHERN INNS IN 1790.
The Prices for Entertainment and the Kind
of Treatment Guests Received.

The Prices for Entertainment and the Kind of Treatment Guests Received.

A FABLE.

It Takes a Smart Man to Get Ahead of a

—Hostess—Are you a musician, Mr. Sissy? Mr. Sissy (who is dying to give an exhibition of his ability)—Well—er—yes, I think I can lay claim to some knowledge of music. Hostess—I am delighted to know it. My daughter is about to play, and I would be very glad if you would kindly turn the music for her.—*N. Y. Sun.*

After a thorough test, R. S. Armstrong positively asserts that Acker's English Remedy is the best medicine for asthma, coughs, whooping cough, and all lung troubles that can be found. Ask him about it, for he fully guarantees it.

There are scores of persons who are suffering from some form of blood disorder or skin disease, such as scrofula, boils, etc. There is a practical test, R. S. Armstrong asserts that Ayer's Blood Elixir will certainly cure all such diseases, including syphilis and rheumatism. It is not a patent medicine, but a scientific preparation. He guarantees it.

FIVE BEST SALVE IN the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever, Itch, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Childblains, Burns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give a perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. FOR SALE BY R. S. ARMS-STRONG.

Over one million of Acker's dyspepsia tablets in the past twelve months, solely upon their merits. Why suffer with chronic constipation, dyspepsia, sour stomach, sick headache, indigestion, and a score of troubles when R. S. Armstrong of New York relief and positive cure in the dyspepsia tablets. Hand them on eagerly.

The most serious thing is a case of Kidney
 disease, and that Electric Bitters
 almost speedily cures it. We say they cures
 it, as the sounds of cases already permanently
 cured and who are daily recommending
 Electric Bitters, will prove it. Malaria
 Disease, Dropsies, Weak Back, or
 any urinary complaint quickly cured
 by purifying the blood, regulate the bow-
 els and act directly on the diseased parts.
 Every one should be guaranteed. For sale at 50 c
 a bottle by R. S. Armstrong.

Dr. C. Armstrong wishes to make an assertion which he can back with a positive guarantee. It is all about Arker's blood-purifier. He claims for it superior medicinal and other remedies of its kind, and guarantees for it a positive and sure cure of Rheumatism, syphilis and all blood disorders. It frees the skin from spots and makes the complexion clear. Ask him about it.

Mr. David Claypool, formerly Sergeant-At-Arms of the New Jersey Senate, and now Notary Public at Cedarville, Cumberland Co., N. J., makes the following startling statement: "My father, mother, and three sisters all died with consumption, and my lungs were so weak I raised blood. Nobody thought I could live. My work (ship-building) was very straining on me with my weak constitution, and I was rapidly going to the grave. While in this condition I commenced using Mishler's Herb Bitters, and it saved my life. Because it was so difficult to get it in this little place, and I had improved so much, I stopped taking it for a time, and the result is that I have commenced going rapidly down hill again. Somehow, Mishler's Herb Bitters gives appetite and strengthens and builds me up as nothing else does, and I must have a dozen bottles at once. Use this communication as you please, and if any one wants to be convinced of its truth, let them write me and I will make affidavit to it, for I owe my life to Mishler's Herb Bitters."

The secret of the almost invariable relief and cure of consumption, dysentery, diarrhoea, dyspepsia, indigestion, kidney and liver complaints, when Miesher's Herb Bitters is used, is that it contains simple, harmless, and yet powerful ingredients, that act on the blood, kidneys, and liver, and through them strengthens and invigorates the whole system. Purely vegetable in its composition; prepared by a regular physician; a standard medicinal preparation; endorsed by physicians and druggists. These are four strong points in favor of Miesher's Herb Bitters. Miesher's Herb Bitters sold by all druggists. Price \$1.00 per large bottle. 6 bottles for \$5.00.

It Takes a Smart Man to Get Ahead of a

—Hostess—Are you a musician, Mr. Sissy? Mr. Sissy (who is dying to give an exhibition of his ability)—Well—er—yes, I think I can lay claim to some knowledge of music. Hostess—I am delighted to know it. My daughter is about to play, and I would be very glad if you would kindly turn the music for her.—*N. Y. Sun.*

—There are more subscribers to the telephone system in New York and its neighborhood than in the whole of Great Britain, notwithstanding that the charge in New York is about double what it is there. The number of transmissions by telephone in Great Britain last year was about 41,000,000, and the average cost per message a little over one cent.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

—Harrison Hahn, of Wind Gap, Pa., has a two-year old daughter whose ears are bent forward and grown fast to the face. The girl was deformed when born. When she became two months old two doctors separated the ears from the face, and tied them back to their proper place, but they returned to their former position, and are there to remain undisturbed. Both ears are without the orifice, but deafness is prevented by the girl hearing every sound, no matter how light, through her nose and mouth.

—Philadelphia Times.



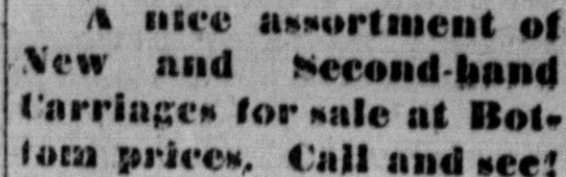
Dyspepsia is the prevailing malady of civilized life. A weak, dyspeptic stomach acts very slowly or not at all on many kinds of food, gasses are extracted, acids are formed and become a source of pain and disease until discharged. To be dyspeptic is to be miserable, hopeless, depressed, confused in mind, forgetful, irritable, drowsy, weak, languid and useless. It destroys the Teeth, Complexion, Strength, Peace of Mind and Bodily ease. It produces Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of Stomach, Bad Taste in mouth, Bilious attacks, Palpitation of Heart, Inflammation of Lungs, Pain in the region of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms. Dyspepsia invariably yields to the vegetable remedies, in **GOLDEN SEAL BITTERS**, the great purifier of the blood and restorer of health. In these complaints it has no equal, and one bottle will prove a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement. We warrant **GOLDEN SEAL BITTERS**. Take no others. Sold by K. S. Armstrong, and Glazier, DePuy & Co.

27. Use Markets.		
APPLES, FINE.....	3	@ 1.50
BEANS.....	75	@ 1.00
BAHLEY.....	1.00	@ 1.25
BUTTER.....		@ 10
CORN.....	30	@ 30
DRIED APPLES.....	8	@ 3
Eggs.....	10	@ 10
HIDES.....	5.00	@ 6
HORN, dressed.....	5.00	@ 5.00
LARD.....	8	@ 8
OATS.....	32	@ 35
POTATOES.....	35	@ 40
SALT.....	1.30	@ 2.00
WHEAT, red and white.....	85	@ 90

Pamphlets, Posters, Handbills, Circulars
Cards, Ball Tickets, Labels, Blanks, Bill
Heads and other varieties of Plain and
Fancy Job Printing executed with prompt-
ness, and in the best possible style, at the
HERALD OFFICE.

GENERAL BLACKSMITH.

CARRIAGE MANUFACTURER



I also have in connection a

consisting of Good Drivers and Riggs.
Shop north of Railroad, opposite Foundry.
693

The Niagara Falls Route.

90th MEETMAN TIME.
Passenger Trains on the Michigan Central Railroad will leave Chicago Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Mail Train, Air line from Jack-
son to Niles...... 9:57 A. M.
Grand Rapids Express..... 6:07 P. M.
Evening Express...... 9:00 P. M.

GOING EAST.

Night Express...... 5:33 A. M.
Grand Rapids Express...... 9:57 A. M.
Mail Train...... 5:17 P. M.

Wm. MARTIN, Agent.
O. W. ROGERS, General Passenger
and Ticket Agent, Chicago.

As an anti-malarial medicine
DR. DAVID KENNEDY'S
FAVORITE REMEDY

has won golden opinions. No traveler should consider his outfit complete unless it includes a bottle of this medicine. If you are exposed to frequent changes of climate, food and water, Favorite Remedy should always be within your reach. It expels malarial poisons, and is the best preventative of chills and malarial fever in the world. It is especially effective in trust for the cure of Rheumatism, Kidney and Liver complaints, Constipation and all disorders arising from an impure state of the blood. It is the only medicine that can be taken by the most delicate who suffer from any of the ills peculiar to their sex. Favorite Remedy is constantly proving itself an unfailing friend—a real blessing. Address the Proprietors, Dr. J. C. F. Bondout, N. Y. \$1 bottle, 6 for \$5. In all druggists.

STEPHEN PRATT'S
STEAM BOILER WORKS,
(Established 1865.)


Manufact of high & low pressure and steam heating boilers of all kinds; smoke pipes, breechings, etc. Old boilers taken in exchange for new. Rivets, boiler plates and boiler tubes for sale. Cor Foundry-st. and Mich. Cent'l R. R. track, *Detroit, Mich.* 21

TOBACCO

is the **BEST CREW**, the **GREATEST**
SELLER, and more used than any other
 cigar in the State. It is always in good
 order. **NEVER TOO HARD AND NEVER**
TOO SWELL; GIVES GOOD SATIS-
FACTION, and not a box of it is ever re-
 turned. **THE ONEROID IS THE CHOICE OF**
THE ONEROID; never sticks on the
 dealer's hands. This cannot be said of
 any other brand of Tobacco. For sale by
 all jobbers and retailers.

S. W. VENABLE & CO.,
Petersburg, Va.

of LAND & CO'S



SHEAF

SALE

SODA

SODA
Best in the World.

Spelling Match.

Can you spell? Well, yes; almost any body can spell. Then spell this, and make out what it means. If you can't, then pass it on to your next neighbor: B-A-R-K-I-T-N-O-O-R-R-S-S-T-W.

Don't say it out loud, but just whisper in your pretty neighbor's ear, that if she will place these letters in proper position she will have the world's greatest tonic, which will enrich her impoverished blood, put roses on her pale cheeks and make her strong and happy. Go to the nearest drug store with a dollar in your hand, and ask for Brown's Iron Bitters.

An Austrian Lieutenant of artillery has shot himself dead with a large cannon.

A Falsehood Nailed.

An irresponsible penny-a-liner recently set going in a New York Daily newspaper a malicious statement that the prizes of the Louisiana State Lottery Company are paid to persons in its employ, and not honestly drawn and paid. This lie has been copied here and there into Journals unfriendly to the Company, and readers not aware of the facts are likely to be affected by them.

An Ohio co-responder clips it from a local weekly and writes the Company on the 6th inst. to ask if there is any truth in it.

Let Generals Beauregard and Early, who have the entire charge of all the Company's Drawing, answer not only this correspondent but all whose faith in the Company has been disturbed by this and similar calumnious paragraphs. Read the exact language of Generals Beauregard and Early in the following statement, to which their names are signed:

The charges, insinuations, and innuendoes contained in said publication are false in every respect, so far as they affect the fairness of the drawings of the Louisiana Lottery, or the integrity of the acts of the Lottery Company. When the undersigned had charge only of the semi-annual drawings they counted the tubes containing the numbers previous to each of those drawings to be certain that all were put in the wheel. Since they have had charge of the monthly drawings also, the wheel has been under their exclusive control, and after each drawing they have restored all the drawn numbers to the wheel, locked it, and sealed it in such manner as to render it impossible for the numbers to be reached or interfered with without their knowledge. They have thus been all ways certain that all the numbers were in the wheel at each drawing, and they are one responsible for the integrity of the drawings.

The intimation that persons have been paid to allow their names to be published as the winners of prizes in this Lottery is also false and without the slightest foundation in fact. Millions of dollars have been paid out by the Company in prizes through the banks and express agencies, as can be ascertained from the bank officers in New Orleans, and the express agents in New York, Washington City, and in this city, as well as from the winners of the prizes whose names have been given to the public.

Signed, G. T. BEAUREGARD,
J. A. EARLY,
Commissioners.
NEW ORLEANS, July 14th.

Philadelphia is to have a crematory. They make bottles out of paper in France. You can hear a clap of thunder 20 miles. Georgia is a temperance state that Maine.

Quinsy troubled me for twenty years. Since I started using Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, have not had an attack. The Oil cures sore throat at once. Mrs. Letta Conrad, Standish, Mich., Oct. 24, '83.

English schools are sadly in need of new and improved geographical text books.

NEVER NEGLECT a constipated condition of the bowels, or serious results surely follow, such as piles, impure blood and many chronic complaints. Burdock Blood Bitters is the remedy.

Colored men serve as pall-bearers for the dead members of O. S. St. Louis families.

FOR COLDS, CROUP, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS and Sore Throat use Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, and get the genuine.

It costs about \$3,000 in fees to get one's self decorated with the order of the garter.

My physician said I could not live, my liver out of order, frequently vomited greenish mucus, skin yellow, small dry humors on face, stomach would not retain food. Burdock Blood Bitters cured me. Mrs. Adelaide O'Brien, 372 Exchange St., Buffalo, N. Y.

The purchase of real estate in England and Wales, to the value of \$750,000 is ordered by Earl Cairns' will.

"ROUGH ON CATARRH." Corrects offensive odors at once. Complete cure of most cases, also unequalled as gargle for Diphtheria, Sore Throat, Foul Breath. 50c.

There are no white servants at the White House.

THE HOPE OF THE NATION. Children, slow in development, puny, scrawny and feeble, use "Well's Health Renewer."

Parisian belles now carry pistols.

CATARRH OF THE BLADDER. Irritating, inflammation, all Kidney and Bladder Complaints, cured by "Buchu-Palms." 5c.

Card swindlers infest eastern watering places.

Every nervous person should try Carter's LITTLE NERVE PILLS. They are made especially for nervous and dyspeptic men and women, and are just the medicine needed by all persons who, from any cause, do not sleep well, or who fail to get proper strength from their food. Cures of weak stomach, indigestion, dyspepsia, nervous and sick headache, &c., readily yield to the use of the Little Nerve Pills, particularly combined with Carter's Little Liver Pills. Sold at 25 cents.

DOMESTIC HINTS.

Blue fish cheeks fried in hot butter until a nice brown are dainty morsels. Napkin rings are now made with attached stands instead of resting loosely on the table cloth, these stands consisting of leaves and other simple devices in metallic colors and chased.

Try this recipe for a pie: The pulp of one lemon chopped fine with a half a cup of raisins; add two tablespoonfuls of flour, one cup of sugar and one cup of water. Bake between two thin crusts.

French women, says a close observer, put on their gloves in their dressing rooms, before going out, as scrupulously as they would their dresses. Englishwomen put theirs on in the stairs, and Americans in the street.

A beautiful table cover is made of old gold silk serge with a border of conventionalized sour-sop (anona muricata) leaves, flowers and fruit, the creamy white of the star shaped flowers and the russet crimson of the fruit being in harmony with the rich green foliage.

Sulphuric acid will remove spots from brass that will not yield to oxalic acid. It may be applied with a brush; but great care must be taken that no drop of the acid shall come in contact with clothes or skin, as it is ruinous to garments and to cuticle. Bath brick or rotten stone may be used for polishing, the latter being preferable for delicate work.

If the kitchen floor is not of hard wood have it painted. Venetian red, ochre or raw sienna, ground in oil, are the best colors. They must be of standard make, and it is well to give three coats at the first time of painting. Two coats are absolutely necessary. If the walls are painted, and they surely ought to be, let a coat of lamp varnish be applied. There will be no difficulty then in keeping them sweet and clean, as soap and water may be applied without showing streaks.

A nice way of using odds and ends of worsted is to knit them into a rug. First cast thirteen stitches on to a knitting needle, then knit a plain strip until you have perhaps fifteen yards, then cut the strip lengthwise through the middle. Take a piece of rag ticking the size you wish your rug to be, then begin and sew the selvage of your worsted pieces on the stripe of your ticking, round and round, until the surface is entirely covered. As soon as the worsted is put it will unravel and be crinkled.

Every housekeeper can avoid the nuisance in the kitchen and diningroom by providing against the causes that attract those annoying insects. Cleanliness and darkness are the necessary weapons against flies. After each meal, the diningroom should be swept thoroughly and much exercise should be taken in the corners or in dishes. Cut sugar is to be preferred to granulated sugar in summer for the spoon unnoticed, to the subsequent delight of the ever vigilant fly.

This recipe makes a very rich cake: Take one pound of butter and one pound of sugar and mix them to a cream. Beat the whites and yolks of eight eggs separately, adding them to the butter and sugar; then add one pound of raisins, stoned and finely chopped, half a pound of blanched almonds and a quarter of a pound of citron, both cut in thin strips, a little mace, two wineglasses of sherry wine and one pound of sifted flour. Bake in a steady, moderate oven for an hour and a half. If preferred, one wineglass of brandy may be used instead of the sherry.

A useful and pretty wall pocket is made of a large circular piece of pasteboard and a crescent-shaped piece. The round piece is covered with a peacock-green satin sheeting or serge, and has a bunch of soreopsis painted or embroidered across one side. The crescent is covered with gold-colored satin or serge, and is securely sewed to the circular piece with over-and-over stitches. All the edges are covered with cord, thus concealing the joining. The crescent should be made deep enough to hold newspapers and pamphlets. Any material, design or coloring may be used.

When washing glass slip it into the water so that both the outside and inside touch the water at once. The reason glasses break is that, if this precaution is not taken, one side expands more quickly than the other. Wash glasses in hot soapy water and wipe at once on a dry linen towel. New silver, properly, should not be washed in soapy water, as that removes its brightness; still, old silver that has always been washed in soap-suds may look better when taken out of hot soapy water and rubbed with a dry cloth. Knife handles should never be wet, nor should the blades be put into hot water, as they will expand, cracking the handles.

Dining in Persia.

Persian dinners are always preceded by pipes (bubble-bubbles), while tea and sweets are handed around. Then servants bring a long leathern sheet and place it on the ground; the guests take their seats around it, squatting on the ground. A flat loaf of bread is placed before each man. Music plays. The dinner is brought in on trays and placed on the ground on the leathern sheet; the covers are removed; the host says "Bismillah" ("in the name of God"), and in silence all fall to with their fingers.

Everybody's Air-Brake.

"Yes, sah," said Uncle Zach, "I've watched it forty years an' its as I sez. De same year allers comes on de same week day."

Further conversation proved Uncle Zach a most incoherent person. Chancing to mention Dr. Carver's feat of breaking glass balls with a rifle, he said:

"I heerd 'bout dat shootin' and knowed right off it wasn't squar'; dat was a Yankee trick, boss' sho's you born."

"What was the trick?"

"Dar wuz loadstone put into de glass balls, an' likewise onto de bullets; so when de bullet fly outen de gun, it an' de ball jes drawed tergedder, which, in course, brokes de gla s—dats de trick!"

Later, Uncle Zach observed a rope running along the side of the car.

"Boss, what's dat line fur?"

"To apply de air-brake in case of accident." Then we had further to explain how the force of the brake was obtained, to which Uncle Zach responded:

"Look a here boss, you sholy don't spect me to b'leve dat foolishness? Why, de biggest hurricane whatever blowed couldn't stop dis train, runnin' forty mile a hour. An' you think I gaine to b'leve a little pipe full of wind under de kyars can do it? No, sah-ree!"

There are a great many Uncle Zachs who judge everything simply by appearances. The air-brake does not seem to be a very powerful thing, but power and efficiency are not necessarily equivalent to bigness and pretense.

Philip Beers, Esq., who resides at the United States Hotel, New York City, and is engaged in raising subscriptions for the New York World Bartholdi pedestal fund, was once upbraided by a distinguished relative who was a physician, for commending in such enthusiastic terms, a remedy that cured him of bright's disease eight years ago. He said: "Sir, has the medical profession with all its power and experience of thousands of years, anything that cures this terrible disorder?" No, no; that is true, there is no mistake about it, but Warner's safe cure is really a wonderfully effective preparation. That remedy is an "air-brake" that every man can apply and this fact explains why it has saved so many hundreds of thousands of lives.—Copyrighted. Used by permission of American Rural Home.

The trip taken by the "Liberty Bell" to the New Orleans exposition cost Philadelphia \$1,700.

Over 24,000,000 fish eggs have been put in the waters of the eastern shore of Maryland this season.

A Massachusetts sexton has just died, having in his life dug the graves of over 3,000 people.

Red and white roses are the ornaments worn by a pony driven by a White Sulphur Springs belle.

Gen. Frim's murderer, Angelo, is now in Spain. King Alfonso's friends are consequently worried.

Chicago continues to grow faster, proportionately to its own size, than any other large city in the world.

Nearly a million new testaments have been sold, at two cents a copy, in the past year in England.

President Lincoln appointed five supreme court judges, Grant four, Hayes two, Garfield one and Arthur two.

San Francisco people have at last come down to using five-cent pieces, and a resort to pennies is imminent.

African elephants will be all killed off within another century if the slaughter now going on is not stopped.

Health and Education.

The Sisters of the Academy of the Visitation, Frederick, Md., are amongst those in charge of educational institutions who use Red Star Cough Cure and give it to their pupils. They write that they can heartily recommend it to their friends.

In a short time a Paris concern will be able to cremate dead bodies for \$3.50 each.

MEXICANS' PEPTONIZED BEEF TONIC, the only preparation of beef containing its entire nutritive properties. It contains blood-making force generating and life-sustaining properties; invaluable for indigestion, dyspepsia, nervous prostration, and all forms of general debility; also, in all infirmed conditions, whether the result of exhaustion, nervous prostration, overwork or acute disease, particularly if resulting from pulmonary complaints. Caswell, Hazard & Co., Proprietors, New York. Sold by druggists.

Merited Praise.

The universal praise bestowed upon Kidney-Wort as an invaluable remedy for all disorders of the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, is well merited. Its virtues are universally known and its cures are reported on all sides. Many obstinate cases have succumbed to it after they had been given up by the doctors and a thorough treatment will never fail to cure. Sold by all druggists. 5c a box.

FASHION IS QUEEN. Fast, brilliant and fashionable are the Dye and Dye colors. One package colors 1 to 10 lbs. of goods. 10c. for color. Get at druggists. Wells, Richardson & Co., Burlington, Vt.

A branch of the salvation army, to be known as the salvation navy, is to be started in England.

Halford Sauce. Expressly for family use. Only sold in bottles. Best and cheapest.

Hot Weather.

Causes the blood to heat and get into a depleted condition, and weakens the whole system, thus giving opportunity for scrofula, salt rheum, boils and humors to come to the surface. The blood should be purified and vitalized by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, which will expel all impurities and give tone and strength to the whole body.

"I had four scrofulous sores come on my feet, which grew so bad that I could not wear a shoe. Nothing which I took did me any good, till one day I saw Hood's Sarsaparilla advertised in the paper, and decided to try it. I have taken two bottles and sores are almost entirely healed." Mrs. ADIE P. South Potsdam, N. Y.

"I have used Hood's Sarsaparilla with such benefit as to astonish my friends. I have renewed strength; my appetite is good; my cough is gone; better; I feel like a different person." Mrs. A. P. PROCTOR, Marblehead, Mass.

Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Sold by all druggists. 5c; six for \$3. Prepared by C. L. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass. 100 Doses, One Dollar.

IT WILL PAY YOU TO GO TO DETROIT AND HAVE YOUR



EXAMINED AND FITTED WITH SPECTACLES OR EYE GLASSES

AT ROEHM & WRIGHT'S, IMPORTERS, JEWELERS AND OPTICIANS, 140 WOODWARD AVE. THEY MAKE NO CHARGE FOR TESTING EYES, AND SELDOM FAIL TO GIVE RELIEF.

We Want 5,000 More Book Agents to Sell The Personal History of

U. S. GRANT.

40,000 Copies Already Sold. Secure Territory at Once.



The book contains the General's entire military, civil service, and private career, and is the most complete and reliable history of his life. A large handsome octavo volume, superbly illustrated. We want one agent in every Grand Army Post and in every township. Send for full particulars and SPECIAL TERMS TO AGENTS, or send money at once by postal note, for outfit. (Mention this paper.) Address: AMERICAN PUBLISHING CO., Hartford, Boston, Chicago, Cincinnati, or St. Louis.

University of Notre Dame, THE GREAT OHIO WELL DRILL.



The Oldest Medicine in the World is probably DR. ISAAC THOMPSON'S Celebrated Eye Water.

This article is a carefully prepared physician's prescription, and has been in constant use for nearly a century, and notwithstanding the many other preparations that have been introduced into the market, the sale of this article is constantly increasing. If the directions are followed it will never fail. We particularly invite attention of physicians to its merits. John L. Thompson, Sons & Co., Troy, N. Y.

FARQUHAR VIBRATING SEPARATOR. A BOND FOR CATTLE.



THE BOSS COLLAR PAD Of Zinc & Leather. NO MORE SORE NECKS. It will positively prevent chafing and cure sore withers. Horse can be worked while cure is perfect. Harness makers will refund money if not satisfied. DEXTER CURTIS, Madison, Wis.

\$50 REWARD will be paid for any Grain Thief of any size that can be shown and secured. For more information send for our circular. Grain and Seed Separator and Reaper and our Improved Warehouse Mill with Quailers which we offer cheap. Circular and Price List mailed free. NEWARK MACHINE CO., Columbus, Ohio.

ASTHMA CURED. German Asthma never fails to give immediate relief in the worst cases, insures comfortable sleep; affects cures where all others fail. A trial convinces the most skeptical. Price 50c. and \$1.00. Druggists everywhere. Sample FREE. For sample, Dr. R. SCHULTZMAN, St. Paul, Minn.

CONSUMPTION. I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, it is my faith in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease to any sufferer. Give express and P. O. order to DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 181 Pearl St., New York.

R. U. AWARE THAT Lorillard's Climax Plug bearing a red tin tag; that Lorillard's Rose Leaf fine cut; that Lorillard's Navy Clippings and that Lorillard's Snuff, are the best and cheapest quality considered.

Burdock BLOOD BITTERS Cures Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Affections of the Liver and Kidneys, Pimples and Face Grubs, Blotches, Boils, Humors, Salt Rheum, Scrofula & Erysipelas. THE BEST BLOOD PURIFIER ON EARTH. FOSTER, MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, Buffalo, New York.

W. N. U. D-3-33

Many a Lady is beautiful, all but her skin; and nobody has ever told her how easy it is to put beauty on the skin. Beauty on the skin is Magnolia Balm.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND IS A POSITIVE CURE FOR All those painful Complaints and Weaknesses so common to our best FEMALES POPULATION. Price 25c in bottle, 50c in large form.

Its purpose is solely for the legitimate healing of Leucorrhoea and the relief of pain, and that it does all it claims to do, thousands of ladies can gladly testify. It will cure entirely all Ovarian trouble, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Erysipelas, and consequent Spinal Weakness, and by particularly adapted to the change of life.

It removes Pimples, Flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulants, and relieves Weakness of the Stomach. It cures Headache, Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Depression and Indigestion. That feeling of bearing down, causing pain and backache, in the loins, permanently cured by its use. Send stamp to Lynn, Mass., for pamphlet. Letters of inquiry confidentially answered. For sale at druggists.

NERVOUS DEBILITY, Lost Manhood, Premature Decay, Weakness, Brains and all forms of Debility in Men from early error, ignorance, vice or excesses. Quickly and Easily Cured without confinement by the CIVILIAN TREATMENT. Dr. J. C. RAYMOND, 174 FULTON ST., NEW YORK. FREE to earnest inquirers, (not to boys, or curiosity seekers), large illustrated work on Diseases of the Genito-Urinary Organs, Brains and Nerves. (Sealed, for 6 cents in stamps.) Give testimonials, business and medical references, etc. Consultation free. CIVILIAN AGENCY, 174 FULTON ST., NEW YORK.

R. R. R. RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

A CURE FOR ALL SUMMER COMPLAINTS.

A teaspoonful in half a tumbler of water will in a few moments cure CHOLERA, SPASMS, SORE STOMACH, ACID, NAUSEA, VOMITING, HEADACHE, SCALD, RASH, LUMBAGO, NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, SWELLING OF THE JOINTS, SPRAINS, BRUISES, PAINS IN THE BACK, CHEST OR LIMBS. The application of the READY RELIEF to the part or parts where the pain or difficulty exists will afford instant ease and comfort.

It was the first and is THE ONLY PAIN REMEDY that instantly stops the most excruciating pains, allays inflammation, and cures Congestions, whether of the Lungs, Stomach, Bowels, or other glands or organs by one application.

PRICE, 50 CENTS per bottle. Sold by druggists.

MALARIA IN ITS VARIOUS FORMS FEVER AND AGUE.

There is not a remedial agent in this world that will cure Fever and Ague and all other Malarious, Bilious, and other fevers (aided by RADWAY'S PILLS) as quickly as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. RADWAY'S READY RELIEF IS A CURE FOR EVERY PAIN, TOOTHACHE, HEADACHE, SCALD, RASH, LUMBAGO, NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, SWELLING OF THE JOINTS, SPRAINS, BRUISES, PAINS IN THE BACK, CHEST OR LIMBS. The application of the READY RELIEF to the part or parts where the pain or difficulty exists will afford instant ease and comfort.

For CHOLERA and severe cases of the foregoing complaints, see our printed directions.

DR. RADWAY'S Sarsaparillian Resolvent, The Great Blood Purifier.

FOR THE CURE OF CHRONIC DISEASES. Chronic Rheumatism, Scrofula, Glandular Swelling, Hacking, Dry Cough, Cancerous Affections, Syphilis, Complicated, Bleeding of the Lungs, Dyspepsia, Water Brash, White Swellings, Tumors, Pimples, Blisters, Eruptions of the Face, Ulcers, Skin and Hip Diseases, Mercurial Diseases, Female Complaints, Gout, Dropsy, Rheumatism, Salt Rheum, Bronchitis, Consumption, Kidney, Bladder, Liver Complaints, etc.

Dr. Radway's Sarsaparillian Resolvent. A remedy composed of ingredients of extraordinary medicinal properties, essential to purify, heal, repair and invigorate the broken-down and wasted body. QUICK, PLEASANT, SAFE AND PERMANENT in its treatment and cure.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. One Dollar a bottle.

DR. RADWAY'S REGULATING PILLS, The Great Liver and Stomach Remedy.

Perfectly tasteless, elegantly coated, purge, regulate, purify, cleanse and strengthen the bowels. Dr. Radway's Pills, for the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Loss of Appetite, Headache, Constipation, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Fever, Inflammation of the Bowels, Piles, and all derangements of the Internal Viscera. Purify vegetable, containing no mercury, minerals, or deleterious drugs.

Price 25 cents per box. Sold by all druggists.

READ "FALSE AND TRUE."

Send a letter stamp to DR. RADWAY & CO., No. 33 Warren Street, New York. Information worth thousands will be sent to you.

LE PAGE'S LIQUID GLUE. UNEQUALLED FOR CEMENTING WOOD, GLASS, CHINA, PAPER, LEATHER, &c. Awarded GOLD MEDAL, LONDON, 1883. Used by Messrs. A. & H. Morgan and Sons Co., Patentees of the RUSSIA CEMENT CO., GLOUCESTER, MASS. SOLD EVERYWHERE. Sample Tin Can by Mail, 25c.

RUPTURE. EGAN'S IMPERIAL TRUSS. This new truss has a spiral spring and GRADUATED RESURGE; yields to every motion, retaining the hernia always. It cures Worn Day and Night with comfort. Enclose stamp for Circular. Used in both Hospitals. Box 228 Ann Arbor, Mich.

Ask your druggist. EGAN'S IMPERIAL TRUSS CO. Box 228 Ann Arbor, Mich.

RUPTURE. EGAN'S IMPERIAL TRUSS. This new truss has a spiral spring and GRADUATED RESURGE; yields to every motion, retaining the hernia always. It cures Worn Day and Night with comfort. Enclose stamp for Circular. Used in both Hospitals. Box 228 Ann Arbor, Mich.

Ask your druggist. EGAN'S IMPERIAL TRUSS CO. Box 228 Ann Arbor, Mich.

RUPTURE. EGAN'S IMPERIAL TRUSS. This new truss has a spiral spring and GRADUATED RESURGE; yields to every motion, retaining the hernia always. It cures Worn Day and Night with comfort. Enclose stamp for Circular. Used in both Hospitals. Box 228 Ann Arbor, Mich.

Ask your druggist. EGAN'S IMPERIAL TRUSS CO. Box 228 Ann Arbor, Mich.

RUPTURE. EGAN'S IMPERIAL TRUSS. This new truss has a spiral spring and GRADUATED RESURGE; yields to every motion, retaining the hernia always. It cures Worn Day and Night with comfort. Enclose stamp for Circular. Used in both Hospitals. Box 228 Ann Arbor, Mich.

Ask your druggist. EGAN'S IMPERIAL TRUSS CO. Box 228 Ann Arbor, Mich.

RUPTURE. EGAN'S IMPERIAL TRUSS. This new truss has a spiral spring and GRADUATED RESURGE; yields to every motion, retaining the hernia always. It cures Worn Day and Night with comfort. Enclose stamp for Circular. Used in both Hospitals. Box 228 Ann Arbor, Mich.

Ask your druggist. EGAN'S IMPERIAL TRUSS CO. Box 228 Ann Arbor, Mich.

RUPTURE. EGAN'S IMPERIAL TRUSS. This new truss has a spiral spring and GRADUATED RESURGE; yields to every motion, retaining the hernia always. It cures Worn Day and Night with comfort. Enclose stamp for Circular. Used in both Hospitals. Box 228 Ann Arbor, Mich.

Ask your druggist. EGAN'S IMPERIAL TRUSS CO. Box 228 Ann Arbor, Mich.

RUPTURE. EGAN'S IMPERIAL TRUSS. This new truss has a spiral spring and GRADUATED RESURGE; yields to every motion, retaining the hernia always. It cures Worn Day and Night with comfort. Enclose stamp for Circular. Used in both Hospitals. Box 228 Ann Arbor, Mich.

Ask your druggist. EGAN'S IMPERIAL TRUSS CO. Box 228 Ann Arbor, Mich.

RUPTURE. EGAN'S IMPERIAL TRUSS. This new truss has a spiral spring and GRADUATED RESURGE; yields to every motion, retaining the hernia always. It cures Worn Day and Night with comfort. Enclose stamp for Circular. Used in both Hospitals. Box 228 Ann Arbor, Mich.

Ask your druggist. EGAN'S IMPERIAL TRUSS CO. Box 228 Ann Arbor, Mich.

RUPTURE. EGAN'S IMPERIAL TRUSS. This new truss has a spiral spring and GRADUATED RESURGE; yields to every motion, retaining the hernia always. It cures Worn Day and Night with comfort. Enclose stamp for Circular. Used in both Hospitals. Box 228 Ann Arbor, Mich.

Ask your druggist. EGAN'S IMPERIAL TRUSS CO. Box 228 Ann Arbor, Mich.

RUPTURE. EGAN'S IMPERIAL TRUSS. This new truss has a spiral spring and GRADUATED RESURGE; yields to every motion, retaining the hernia always. It cures Worn Day and Night with comfort. Enclose stamp for Circular. Used in both Hospitals. Box 228 Ann Arbor, Mich.

Ask your druggist. EGAN'S IMPERIAL TRUSS CO. Box 228 Ann Arbor, Mich.

RUPTURE. EGAN'S IMPERIAL TRUSS. This new truss has a spiral spring and GRADUATED RESURGE; yields to every motion, retaining the hernia always. It cures Worn Day and Night with comfort. Enclose stamp for Circular. Used in both Hospitals. Box 228 Ann Arbor, Mich.

Ask your druggist. EGAN'S IMPERIAL TRUSS CO. Box 228 Ann Arbor, Mich.

RUPTURE. EGAN'S IMPERIAL TRUSS. This new truss has a spiral spring and GRADUATED RESURGE; yields to every motion, retaining the hernia always. It cures Worn Day and Night with comfort. Enclose stamp for Circular. Used in both Hospitals. Box 228 Ann Arbor, Mich.

Ask your druggist. EGAN'S IMPERIAL TRUSS CO. Box 228 Ann Arbor, Mich.

WE HAVE
MANY BARGAINS TO
OFFER DURING
AUGUST. ALL
SUMMER
GOODS
AT COST AND LESS.
WE ARE
GOING OUT OF THE
CROCKERY
BUSINESS,
And shall make special prices that others will not match.
COME AND SEE.
H. S. HOLMES & CO.

CLOTHING DEPT.
WE WILL
CLOSE ALL STRAWHATS
AT COST.
BARGAINS IN
Suits, Furnishing Goods,
TRUNKS
SATCHELS, ETC.

Respectfully,

H. S. HOLMES & CO

THE HERALD.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 13, 1885

The funeral of Gen. Grant last Saturday, was observed by appropriate signs of grief over our entire land and by foreign nations.

Five dollars were offered for the use of standing room on a doorstep in New York, last Saturday, and windows rented at from \$75 to \$150.

Cholera is "raging" dreadfully in Spain, thousands dying every day. Indications are not few that this country will receive another visit from the dreadful scourge another year.

A road cart of peculiar construction, hung upon a C spring, somewhat after the manner of the old fashioned thoroughbrace, was exhibited on our streets last Saturday, and struck us as being a very good arrangement. It was manufactured by the Den Bleyker Muffg. Co., Kalamazoo.

For rent! Two nice rooms in the Durand & Hatch Block, suitable for millinery, dress making or law office. Inquire of Durand or Hatch.

LEGAL.

STATE OF MICHIGAN,
COUNTY OF WASHTENAW.

The undersigned having been appointed by the Probate Court for said County, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of John C. Winans, late of said County deceased, hereby give notice that six months from date are allowed, by order of said Probate Court, for Creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, and that they will meet at office of George W. Turnbull in the village of Chelsea in said County, on Monday the Second day of November, and on Monday the first day of February next, at ten o'clock A. M. on each of said days, to receive, examine and adjust said claims.

Dated, August 1, 1885.

CHARLES H. WILKES, Commissioner.

CHARLES H. KEMPE, Commissioner.

THE POPPY IN PERSIA.

How the Plant is Grown and How the Product is Secured.

From time immemorial opium has been grown in Persia in the neighborhood of Yezd, and enough was always produced there to supply the demands of the native market. Nine out of ten of the aged in Persia take from one to five grains of the drug daily; it is largely used by the native physicians, and a considerable export kept up to central Asia. During the cotton famine caused by the American war, the attention of the Persian ryot was turned to the cultivation of cotton; but Persian cotton soon became hardly worth growing, save the small amount required for home manufacture, and the villages throughout the center and south gradually turned their attention to the cultivation of the poppy. Year by year this crop has become a more favorite one; and the result has been that grain-growing has been much neglected, with the effect of raising the price in some districts. In the neighborhood of Isfahan, as far as the eye can reach, nothing but fields of poppies are to be seen, with a small patch here and there of wheat or barley, which the cultivator produces for his own use or to give some rest to his land. The white variety of the poppy is the one that is grown. It is sown broadcast and very thickly, and when it first comes up resembles a very abundant crop of dandelions. This redundancy is soon reduced by the ryot, who with a short, curved knife hacks away superfluous plants till those that are left stand some six inches from each other. This reducing process has to be gone through many times, and the ground kept clear of weeds until the plant is six inches high. The fields are also irrigated once a week until the buds are about to burst into bloom. It is this irrigation probably, that accounts for the inferiority in the percentage of morphia in Persian opium. And now that the poppies are in flower and the petals are about to fall, the roots, under the direction of men from the neighborhood of Yezd, who travel all over Persia to superintend the gathering of the crop and its subsequent preparation, begin to collect the opium from the plant. This is done by scoring the seed-vessels with a small three-bladed knife, which makes three gashes an eighth of an inch long. The operation is performed in the afternoon. From these gashes the opium exudes in tears, which are collected at early dawn by scraping with a piece of glass or a knife. If, unfortunately, a heavy shower of rain should fall, a large proportion of or even all the opium may be lost. This gashing and scraping is repeated a second and even a third time. The poppies, after the opium is extracted, are used as fodder. The ryot often has advances (at heavy interest) made to him upon his crop, and at times the speculator is severely bitten.—Cor. London News.

RANGER RIDING.

Stirring Scenes of the Season in the Montana Cow Camps.

Ever in a cow camp? Not Well, let's go, let's see what kind of a lay-out the boys have on the round-up. So we straddle our bronchos and speed away, along the Yellowstone or up to the Powder, through the buttes of the bad lands, whose tops are reddened with scoria that looks so much like brick-dust down into coolies (yawning chasms lined with verdure and vegetation, where the cattle love to loiter), or up to the hilltops where rocks lie in all conceivable shapes. We frequently pass a vein of lignite, and sometimes we see the smoke curling skyward from the side of a butte where the lignite is on fire.

The cowboys pitch their camps in the meadows and valleys, generally, selecting places where grass and water are plenty. The round-up camps are moved every morning the wagons and camp equipment going a few miles forward while most of the boys are searching for stock through the district on each side. Toward noon the lowing herds may be seen moving toward the new branding place, where the calves and the other unbranded stock become acquainted with their owners' marks through the medium of hot branding irons. The knife also comes into play in cutting notches, slots and other marks upon the ears and dewlaps, and in altering the tails, but the scorching, heart-harrowing brand is never forgotten.

Ten noon. We are at the camp. One hundred and fifty stock-growers and cowboys of the Powder River round-up are in sight. Five thousand head of cattle are scattered over the broad green sloping riverside. Since three or four o'clock in the morning all hands have been busy, but the excitement keeps up. No one seems to tire, and the larger the round-up party the better do the boys seem to enjoy the work.

In the camp each outfit selects a spot for its mess wagon a hundred yards or more from any other, so that each lot of horses can have good feed. A drove of about a hundred horses, often more, seldom less, accompanies each outfit. Each bunch of horses is in charge of its "wrangler" (herder). From these bunches the cowboys "cut out" (select) fresh horses twice a day or oftener, and about ten horses can be found to each participant in the "round up."

Ten or twelve outfits, with their wagons and tents, occupy one to two miles along the stream. The large herd that has been driven in from the hills and valleys is held by twenty or twenty-five cowboys, who ride around the cattle, ever on the lookout for a stampede. Cowboys from each outfit cut out their employers' cattle, which are taken, one lot after another, generally, to the branding place, where each calf receives the marks that are borne by the mother it follows. Thence the bunches (small lots of cattle) are driven off to one side and held until the boys are ready to start them to their respective places on the range.

Near the fires, where the branding irons are being heated, a bellowing of distress is heard, and throughout the camp a lowing, a murmuring, an unceasing din goes up while the cowboys whoop and yell, ki-yi, and whistle at the animals as they ride among them, suiting their signal or command to the necessity of the moment. Lariats glisten in the sunlight as they fly through the air to the horns or feet of the animals that are being roped and thrown, and the boys near the fire work quick as glass-blowers, even forgetting their meals until others are on hand to take their places. No less forgetful of their work are the majority of the round-up party.

Space does not permit the complete picturing here of this very interesting scene. The morning call, the falling tents, the "wrangling" of fifteen hundred cow-horses, the camp fires, the cooks, even the peculiar cognomens of the cowboys and their horses, are each sufficient for entertaining sketches.

And now a few words regarding the "mess" of the cow-camp. The cooks and cookees take charge and drive the mess-wagons, with their camp equipment, from place to place during the round-up periods. Almost invariably the cooks are professionals, and the cooking is excellent. With delicious, juicy Montana beef, with bread made from Dakota wheat, and with many of the vegetables and fruits supplied by the "canners,"—all prepared, usually, in a manner to suit the most particular tastes,—the meals, whether spread upon the green grass or upon the tables made by letting down the doors of the mess wagon mess-boxes, are, as a rule, greatly relished by all who try them, and are far more satisfying than the dinners of many a first-class hotel.—Miles City Cor. Chicago Tribune.

Why They Wore Out.

Mr. Henpeck looked down at himself as he stood before the stove in his office and remarked, partly to himself and partly to his book-keeper:

"Well, well, I guess I'll have to be getting a new pair of pants."

"Why, it hasn't been any time since you got a pair, has it?" replied the economical book-keeper.

"Not very long."

"How do you get away with them so soon?"

"Oh, easily enough. I'm not very hard on them myself, but you see my wife wears the pants when I'm home, and between us we manage to give the tailor a good deal of business."—Merchant Traveler.

HORACE GREELEY.

His Conscience in the Appeal for a Curious Habit.

There was something very curious about this habit of the great journalist (Horace Greeley's) sleeping in church. It was not sleep that overcame him, but only somnolence—sleep of the physical powers, but wakefulness of the mind. The physiologist and the psychologist may settle the matter scientifically between them if they can. In spite of appearances to the contrary, Mr. Greeley was "a hearer as well as a doer of the Word." His eyes might close, his great head fall upon his breast, or away from side to side, drawing the body after it, presenting the usual external indications of sleep, but his mental interior faculties were sometimes so far awake that when he served as over he could give a clear account of the sermon, both as to subject, plan and matter. I have tested this a dozen times or more, and never found them wanting. It was me a very curious phenomenon, and I studied it with deep interest whenever an opportunity occurred. I will give two illustrations of this singular peculiarity from my own clear personal recollection.

I went with him to hear a discourse from Rev. William Henry Channing, was Sunday morning, and the sermon announced was one in which he felt special interest. Mr. Channing was, then, in fact, ministering to a congregation of which Mr. Greeley was a prominent member. It was a hall on the west side of Broadway, near Canal street, where Dr. Dewey had preached at times. On the way thither, Mr. Greeley begged me to keep him awake. I occupied a settee within six feet of the platform and right under the eye of the preacher. I tried to keep him awake by frequent tuggings at his elbow and playing a by no means soft tune upon his ribs. But it was of no use. He was "napping" through the whole discourse, not a little to Mr. Channing's annoyance, who observed my unsuccessful efforts to keep him great and for awake.

But now comes the wonderful part of my story. Mr. Greeley and I, while the service was over, went back to the Tribune office together. He said to his desk at once, and made an extract of Mr. Channing's discourse, being somewhat less than a column which appeared in the Tribune the next morning. Mr. Channing was utterly amazed when he saw it, and afterward asked me if it was possible. Mr. Greeley had made the report. When I told him that I saw him while he was preparing it, and could certify that it went to the compositor in his own handwriting, and that, moreover, I had myself read the proof, he expressed the greatest astonishment. "Why," said he, "I could not have so accurate an abstract of my own discourse, which, though premature, was extemporaneous. He has not only given the substance of what I said, but he has followed my line of thought, and remembered not a word of my language."—Olive Schreiner, Christian Register.

ON A POSTAL CARD.

How One Detroit Woman Managed to Get a Very Variety of Intelligence.

She walked up and down the corridor of the post-office for ten or fifteen minutes before she asked of a clerk who was directing an envelope:

"Please, sir, but would you write word or two on a postal card for me?"

"Certainly, ma'am; where is it to go?"

"To John Sessions, at Cleveland, Put Esq., after his name. I sometimes forget it, and it makes him mad."

"Your husband?"

"Of course. When I want a postal card written to a strange man it is a cold day. Now, then, begin with My Dear Husband."

"I've got that."

"Say that I am all right, the baby is all right, and I haven't time to write any more."

"Yes."

"Then you'll want a P. S. that I have only two dollars left, and shall look him to send me some next week."

"Yes'm."

"That'll be all, except to say to your true wife to my loving husband and don't send less than five dollars and baby weighs eighteen pounds. The weather is still cold. Thanks."

"I'll do as much for you some day."

Delroit Free Press.

A Perpetual Dancer.

"Eureka!" yelled a Philadelphia rentor, as he rushed into his room with a "dancing darkey" toy in his hand. "I've got an improvement on this thing and it will make my name."

"Don't see much chance for improving that toy; it's good enough as it is, and his wife, suspiciously."

"They sold everywhere and go by clockwork."

"Yes, I know, I know; and where the improvement comes Clockwork gets out of order, and it costs money. I've got a way to make the darkey dance up and down like mad and it won't require any clockworks at all."

"Well, that sounds a little like the rather mollified reply."

"Simple as A, B, C. I'll just see the darkey with the mercury thermometer."—Philadelphia Call.